

AxN

CONFIGURABLE MOTION

CONTROL PLATFORM

Installation Manual

Support Model:

AxN Size5: AxN 90.150.4, AxN 110.200.4

Version: V1.0(E)

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1 Mechanical Installation

1.1 Notes for Operation

Avoid

Please be sure to avoid:

1. penetration of damp into the device;
2. aggressive or conductive substances in the immediate vicinity;
3. explosive and flammable substances in the immediate vicinity;
4. drill chippings, screws or foreign bodies dropping into the device;
5. ventilation openings being covered over, as otherwise the device may be damaged

Note

Note the following points:

1. Make sure every part of the drive is anchored before moving the drive. Failure to comply may result in minor or moderate injury from the drive parts falling.
2. Observe proper electrostatic discharge (ESD) procedures when handling the drive. Failure to comply could result in ESD damage to the drive circuitry;
3. Prevent foreign matter such as metal shavings or wire clippings from falling into the drive during installation and project construction. Failure to comply could result in damage to the drive. Place a temporary cover over the top of the drive during installation. Remove the temporary cover before start-up, as the cover will reduce ventilation and cause the drive to overheat.

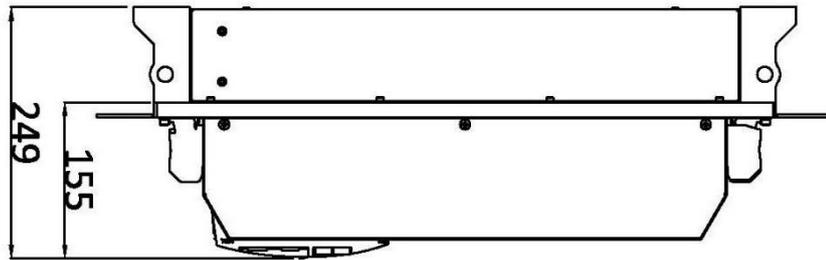
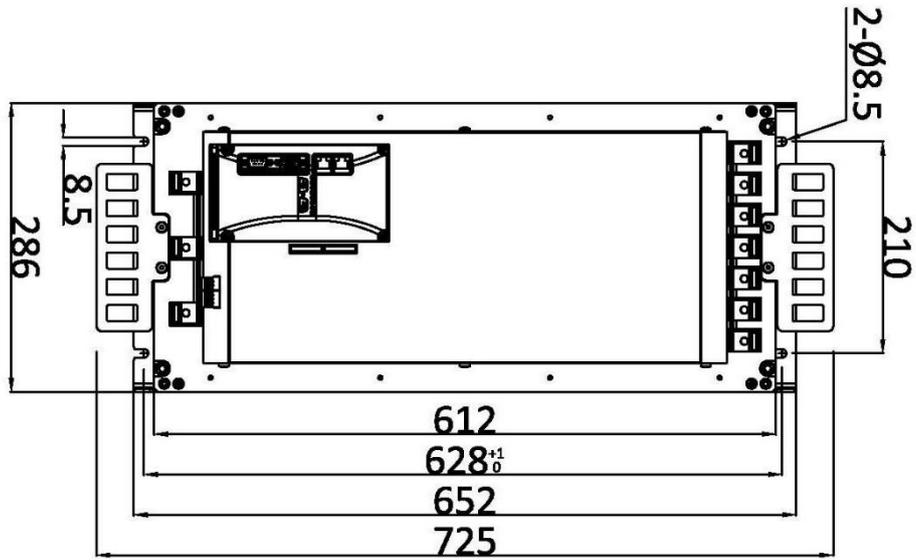
Install proper cooling to ensure the temperature in the enclosure does not exceed 40 °C.

1.2 Installation Environment

To help prolong the optimum performance life of the drive, install the drive in the proper environment. The table below provides description of the appropriate environment for the drive.

Environment	Condition
Installation Area	Indoor
Ambient Temperature	<p>0°C to 40°C, up to 50°C with power reduction (2%/°C)</p> <p>Drive reliability improves in environments without wide temperature fluctuations.</p> <p>When using an enclosure panel, install a cooling fan or air conditioner in the area to ensure that the air temperature inside the enclosure does not exceed the specified levels.</p> <p>Do not allow ice to develop on the drive.</p>
Humidity	5 to 90% without condensation
Surrounding Area	<p>Install the drive in an area free from:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. oil mist and dust 2. metal shavings, oil, water or other foreign materials 3. radioactive materials 4. combustible materials (e.g., wood) 5. harmful gases and liquids 6. excessive vibration 7. chlorides
Altitude	Up to 1000m above MSL, over 1000 m above MSL with power reduction (3% per 100m)
Vibration	<p>Amplitude up to 0.3mm at 2 to 9 Hz</p> <p>Acceleration up to 1m/s² at 9 to 200 Hz</p>
Orientation	Install the drive vertically to maintain maximum cooling effects.

1.3 Overall Dimensions



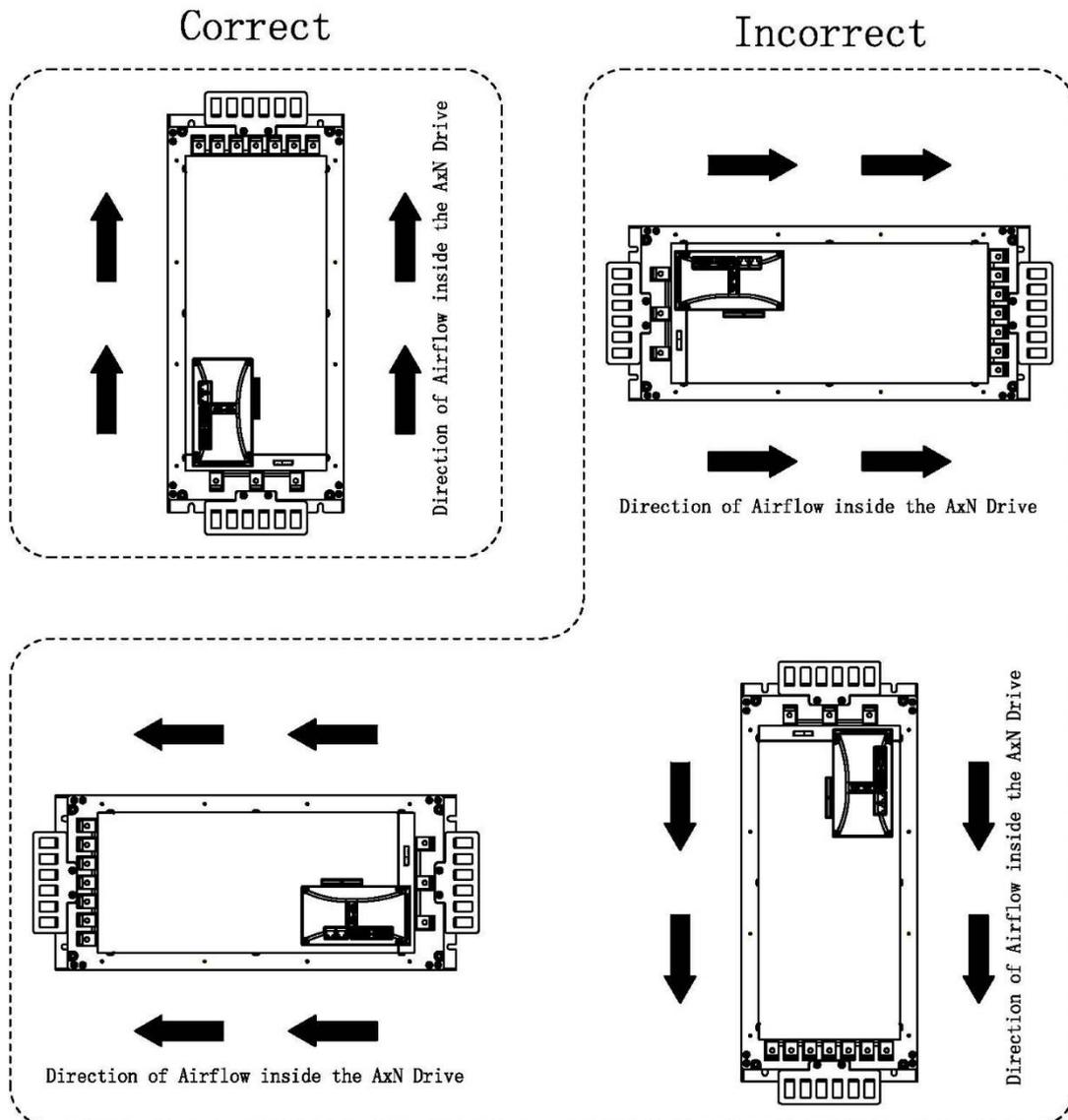
Overall Dimensions of AXN Size5
— AXN90.150.4, AXN110.200.4

1.4 Installation Orientation

To maintain proper cooling, install the AxN drive upright inside the switch cabinet as illustrated below:

WARNING: The airflow inside the drive must be upright after installation as illustrated below. If other form of installation must be taken, CONNECT PMC ENGINEER BEFORE INSTALLATION.

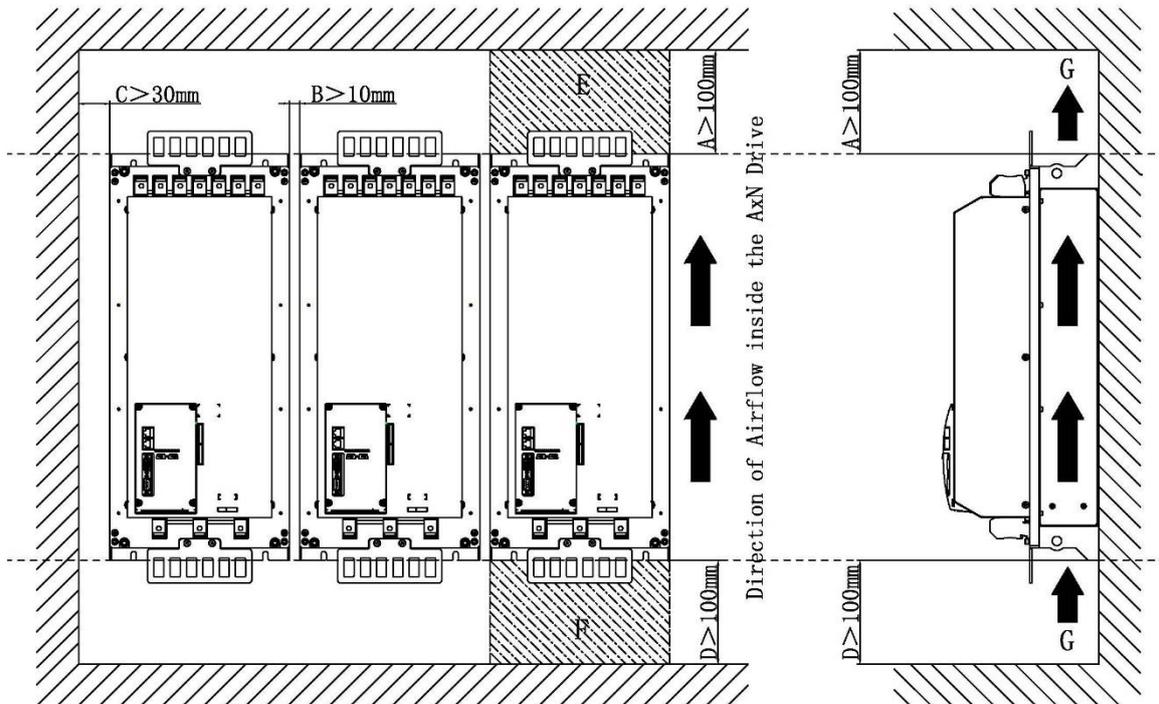
Installation Orientation of AxN Size5



1.5 Installation Spacing

To maintain sufficient space for airflow and wiring, the space between AxN drive and other device (including other AxN drives) must comply the requirement below.

Correct Installation Spacing of AxN Series Drive



No.	Distance	Description
A	>100mm	The distance between the top of the switch cabinet, to ensure enough space for air-out.
B	>10mm	The distance between other device (including other AxN drives and peripheral devices)
C	>30mm	The distance between the inside wall of the switch cabinet.
D	>100mm	The distance between the bottom of the switch cabinet, to ensure enough space for air-in.
E	>100mm	Air-out area, do not place any other device in this area
F	>100mm	Air-in area, do not place any other device in this area
G		Airflow Direction

NOTE: The switch cabinet must have air outlets and inlets to ensure the thermal exchange between the cold air outside and the hot air inside.

2 Main Circuit Wiring

2.1 AC Power Supply Input

2.1.1 AC Power Supply Requirement

Mains Supply	AxN Series
Voltage	150 ~ 500Vac
Type	Three-phase AC power
Frequency	50/60Hz
Fluctuation of Frequency	±10% (45 ~ 66Hz)
Asymmetry	±3%

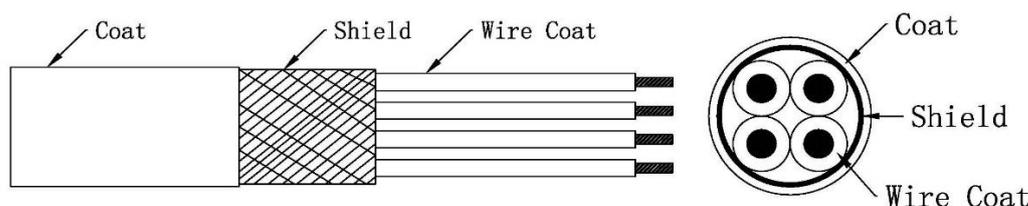
2.1.2 AC Power Supply Cable Fabrication

AC power supply cable is the cable which connect the AxN Size5 Drive with the filter. The connection between AC power supply and the filter is not mentioned in this manual, and should be connected properly based on the real application.

Step 1: Cable Selection

AxN Size5 drive must use a 4 wire cable with shield as its AC power supply cable. Refer to the table below to select the appropriate cable:

AxN Size5	Current (A rms)	Recommended Gauge (mm ²)	Recommended Gauge (AWG)
AxN 90.150.4	90	21.15	4
AxN 110.200.4	110	26.67	3



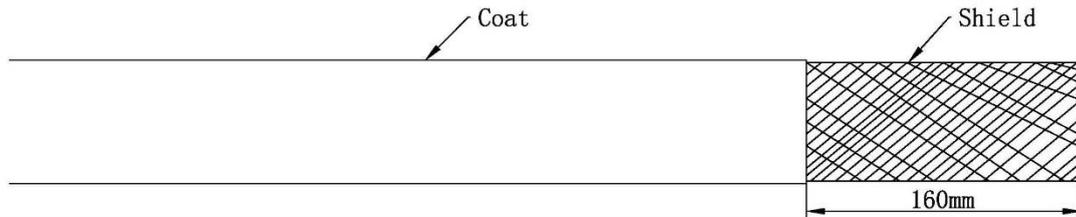
Step 2: Cable Length Measurement

The AC power supply cable is used to connect the output of the filter with the Power Input Port (P1) of AxN Size5 Drive. To minimize the interference, the filter must be installed in close proximity to AxN Size5 Drive as much as possible. But, the distance between two devices should also comply with the Installation Space Regulation of AxN Size5 Drive (Refer to [1.5 Installation Spacing](#)).

NOTE: The length of AC power supply cable should **NOT** exceed **0.5m**.

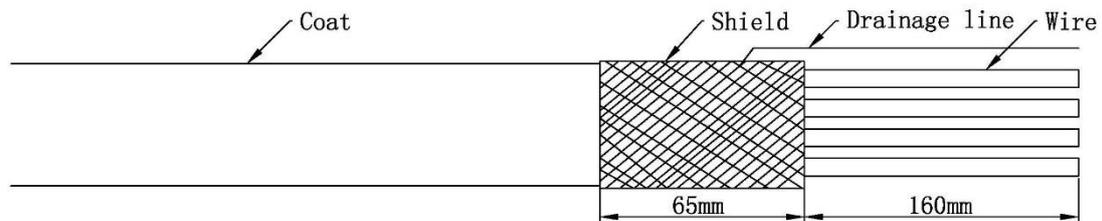
Step 3: Strip the Cable Coat

Strip the outside coat of the AC power supply cable for 160mm and reveal the inside shield.



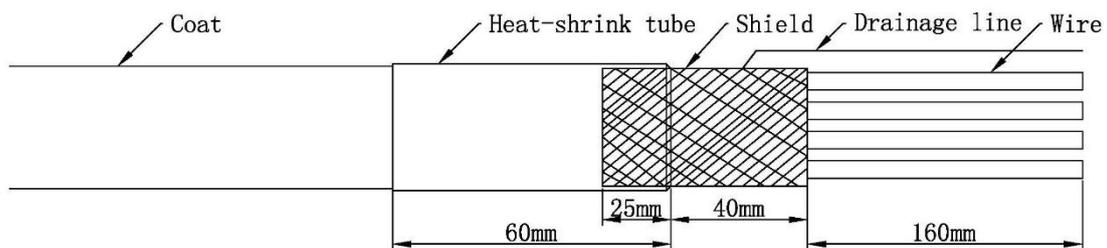
Step 4: Make the Grounding Shield

Leave 65mm Shield as the grounding shield and turn it to the outside of the coat. Then, weld a wire on the shield as the drainage line.



Step 5: Fix the Grounding Shield

Use a 60mm heat-shrink tube to fix the grounding shield and leave 40mm shield outside.



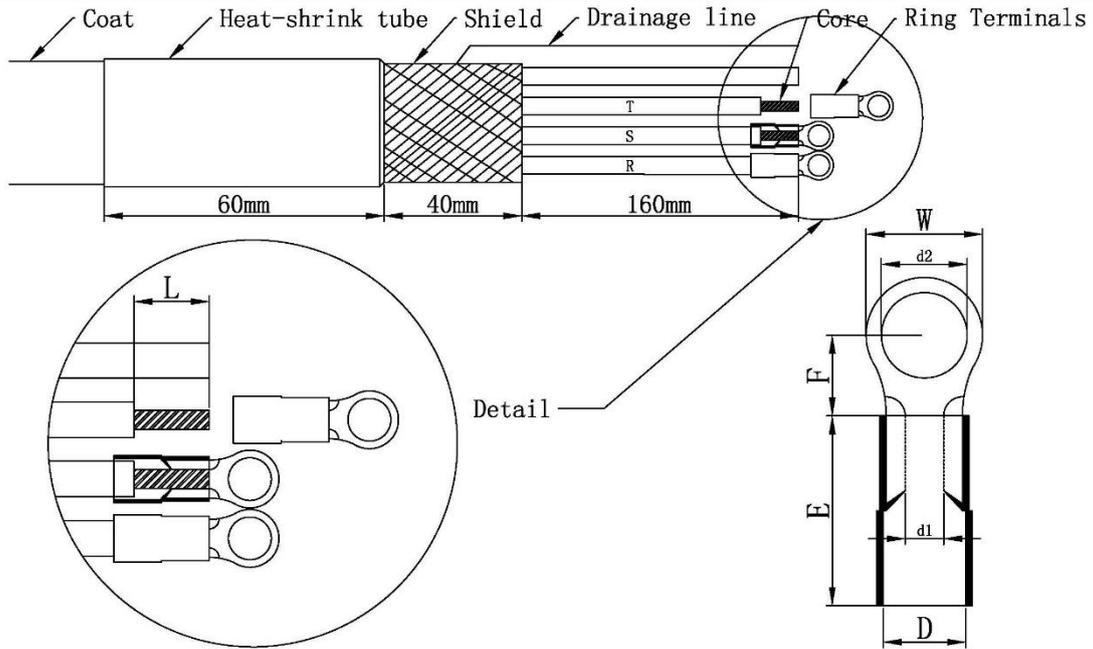
Step 6: Make the Phase Wires

Choose 3 wires of the cable as the phase wires (R, S and T). Crimping pre-insulated Terminals on the wires will enhance the connection stability and simplicity between the cable and drive. AxN Size5 series drives are recommended to use the RNY Series Ring Terminals manufactured by KST. Refer to the following table to select the appropriate terminal:

AxN Size5	Ring Terminals	d2(mm)	W(mm)	F(mm)	E(mm)	D(mm)	d1(mm)
AxN 90.150.4	RNYB22-8	8.4	16.5	13.5	24	13	7.7
AxN 110.200.4	RNYB22-8	8.4	16.5	13.5	24	13	7.7

Strip the wires for L mm ($1 \leq L \leq E$), the recommend strip length is $E/2$ mm, refer to the following table to select an appropriate length:

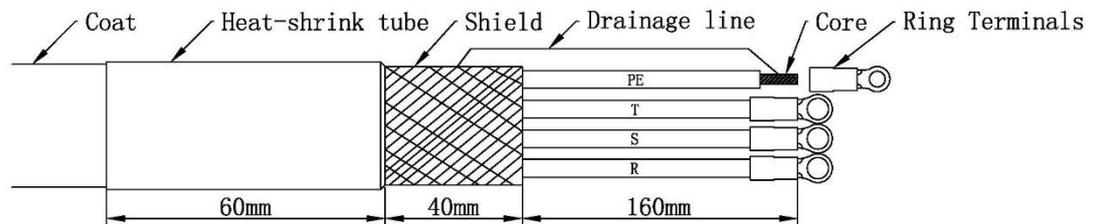
AxN Size5	Strip Length (mm)	Recommended Strip Length (mm)
AxN 90.150.4	1 ~ 24	12
AxN 110.200.4	1 ~ 24	12



Step 7: Connect the PE wire with Shield

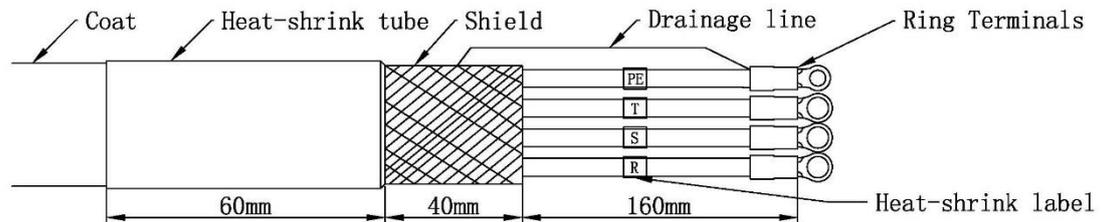
Use the same method to make the remaining wire as the PE wire. Then crimp the PE wire into the Ring Terminal along with the drainage line. Refer to the following table to select the appropriate terminal:

AxN Size5	Ring Terminals	d2(mm)	W(mm)	F(mm)	E(mm)	D(mm)	d1(mm)
AxN 90.150.4	RNYBS22-6	6.4	12.2	15.1	24	13	7.7
AxN 110.200.4	RNYBS22-6	6.4	12.2	15.1	24	13	7.7



Step 8: Check and Mark

Check every wire and the connection between shield and PE wire, then label each wire.



2.1.3 AC Power Supply Input Installation

Step 1: Check the Power Supply Type and Voltage

Make sure that the mains power supply is a 3 phase AC power supply, and its voltage is 150 ~ 500 Vac.

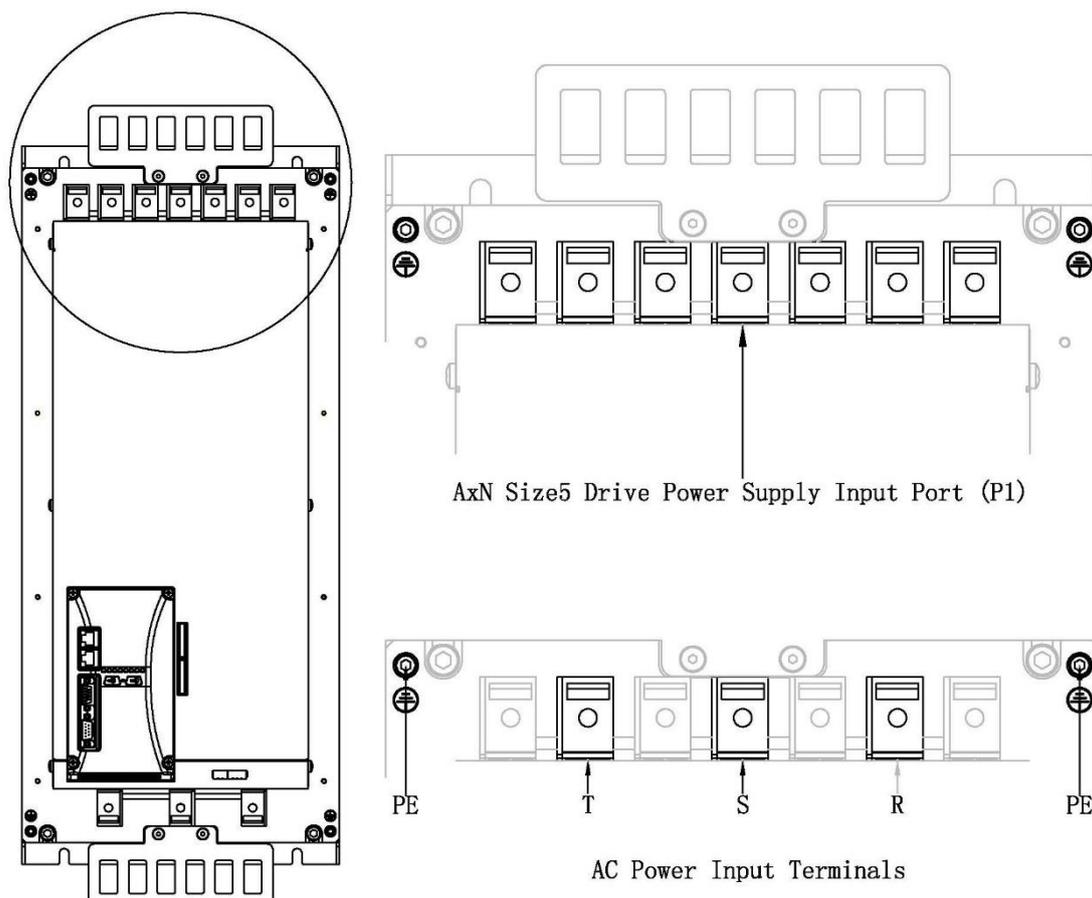
Step 2: Install the Filter

Connect the filter to the AC power supply. Then, connect one end of the AC power supply cable to the filter. Fuses or Breaker can be installed before the filter based on the real application.

NOTE: To minimize the interference, the filter must be installed in close proximity to AxN Size5 Drive as much as possible. But, the distance between two devices should also comply with the Installation Space Regulation of AxN Size5 Drive (Refer to [1.5 Installation Spacing](#)). The length of AC power supply cable should **NOT** exceed **0.5m**.

Step 3: Find out the AC Power Input Terminals

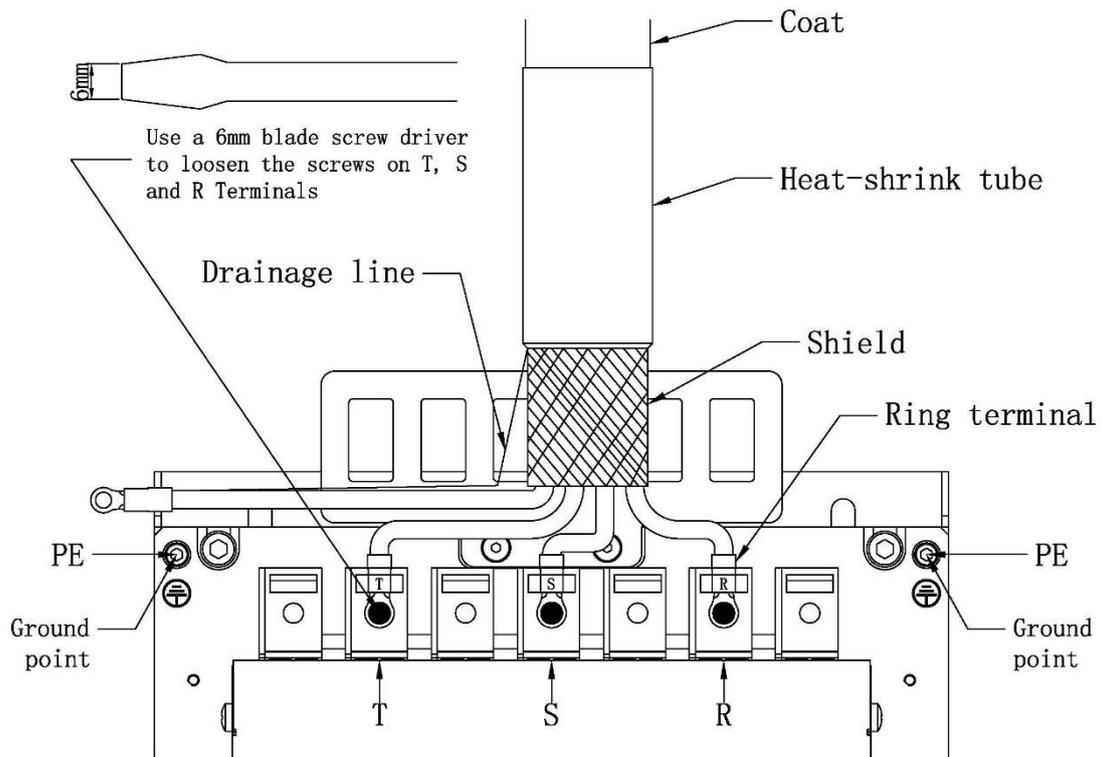
PE, T, S and R, these are the four terminals called AC Power Input Terminals. AxN Size5 Drive's AC Power Input Terminals are in the Power Supply Input Port (P1) which is on the top of the drive. Refer to the following figures for exact locations and terminal Assignment.



Step 4: Install Phase Wires (T, S and R)

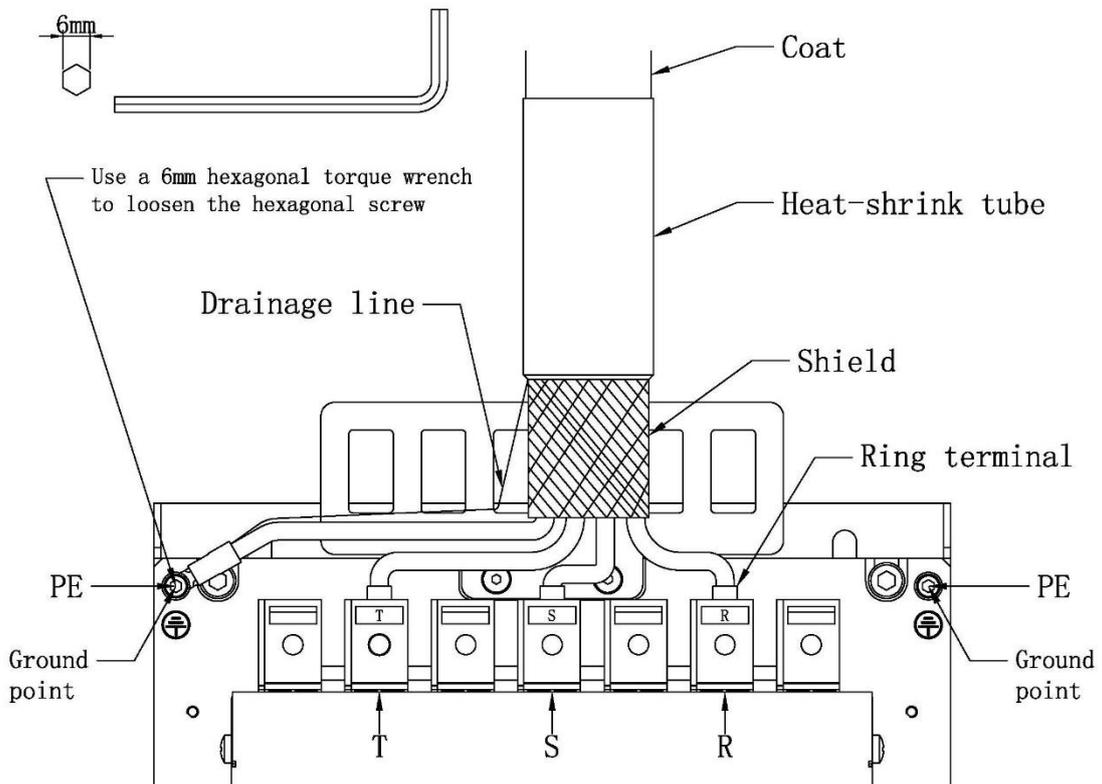
Use a 6mm blade screw driver to loosen the screws on T, S and R Terminals which are in the drive's Power Supply Input Port (P1). Insert the AC power supply cable's phase wires into the

corresponding terminals: T to T, S to S and R to R. Then use a 6mm blade screw driver to tight the screws.



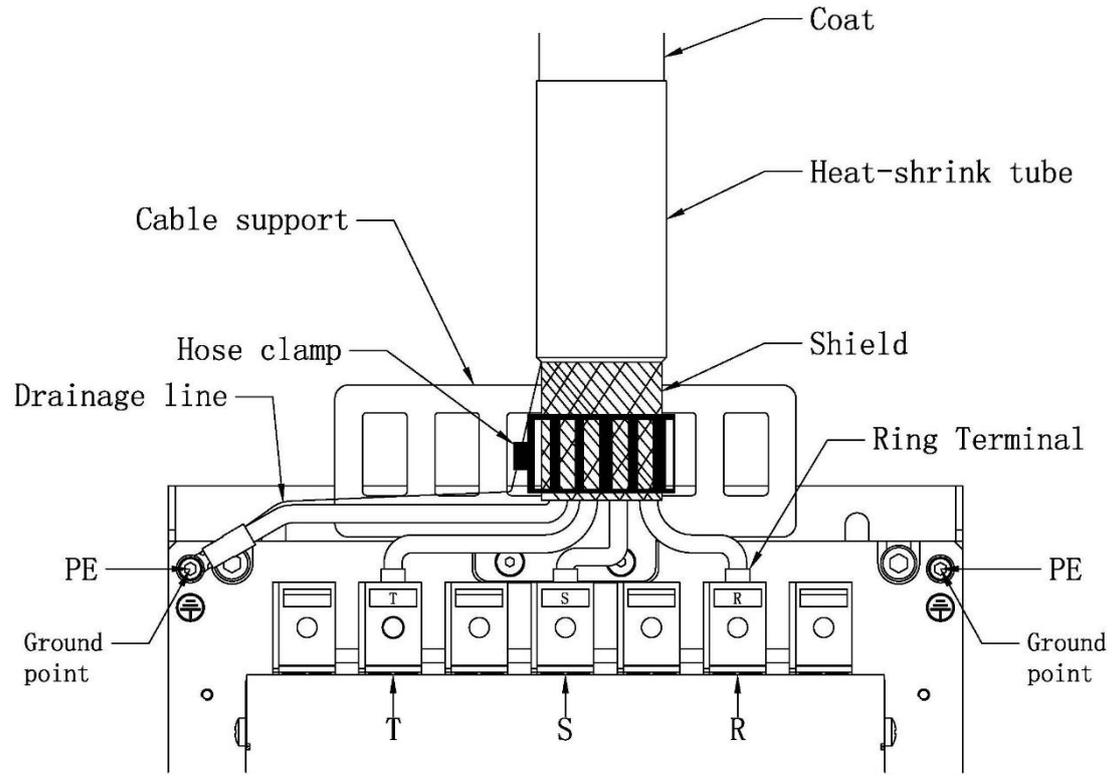
Step 5: Install Grounding Wire

Use a 6mm hexagonal torque wrench to loosen the hexagonal screw on either PE Terminal which is on the drive's body. Fix the grounding wire on the PE terminal.



Step 6: Cable Fixing

Use a hose clamp to fix the cable on the cable support. Make sure that the cable shield has a large-area contact against the cable support, so that they can together be grounded through drive housing.



2.2 DC Power Supply Input

2.2.1 DC Power Supply Requirement

Main Supply	AxN 90.150.4	AxN 110.200.4
Voltage	565V	
Type	DC power	
Fluctuation of Voltage	0 ~ 800V	
Nominal Power	62.4KW	76.2 KW
Peak Power	103.9KW	138.6 KW

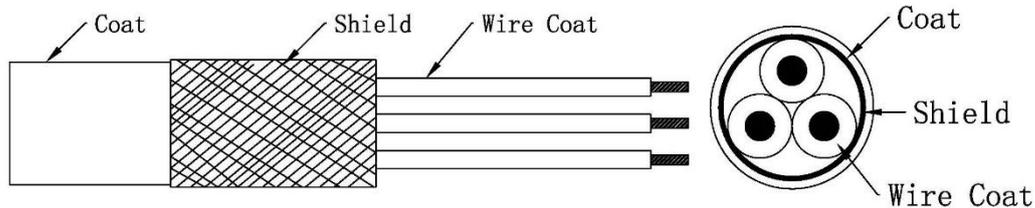
2.2.2 DC Power Supply Cable Fabrication

DC power supply cable is the cable which connect the AxN Size5 Drive with the DC power supply. This manual only mention the cable fabrication of AxN drive side. The power supply side should be fabricated based on the requirement of the DC power supply

Step 1: Cable Selection

AxN Size5 drive must use a 3 wire cable with shield as its DC power supply cable. Refer to the table below to select the appropriate cable:

AxN Size5	Current (A rms)	Recommended Gauge (mm ²)	Recommended Gauge (AWG)
AxN 90.150.4	110.4	26.67	3
AxN 110.200.4	134.9	33.62	2

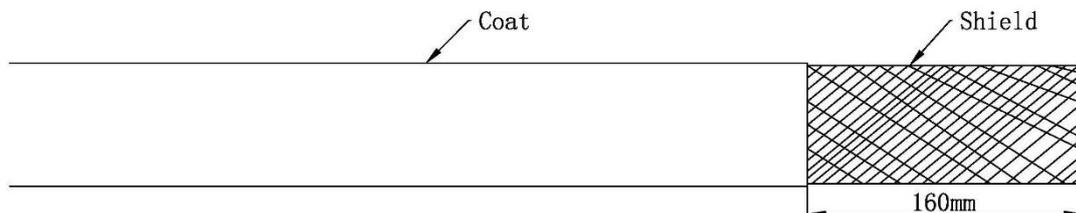


Step 2: Cable Length Measurement

The AC power supply cable is used to connect the output of the DC power supply with the Power Input Port (P1) of AxN Size5 Drive. To minimize the interference, the DC power supply must be installed in close proximity to AxN Size5 Drive as much as possible. But, the distance between two devices should also comply with the Installation Space Regulation of AxN Size5 Drive (Refer to [1.5 Installation Spacing](#)).

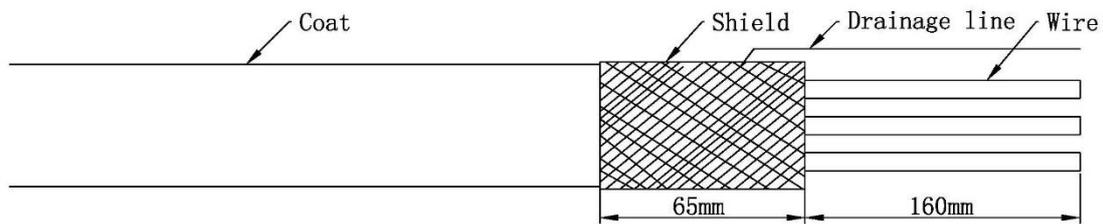
Step 3: Strip the Cable Coat

Strip the outside coat of the DC power supply cable for 160mm and reveal the inside shield.



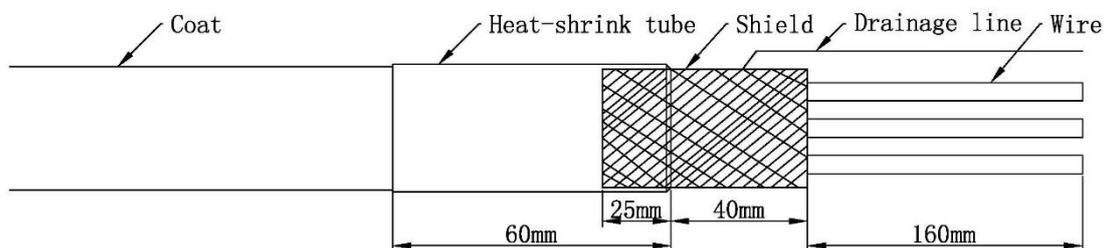
Step 4: Make the Grounding Shield

Leave 65mm Shield as the grounding shield and turn it to the outside of the coat. Then, weld a wire on the shield as the drainage line.



Step 5: Fix the Grounding Shield

Use a 60mm heat-shrink tube to fix the grounding shield and leave 40mm shield outside.



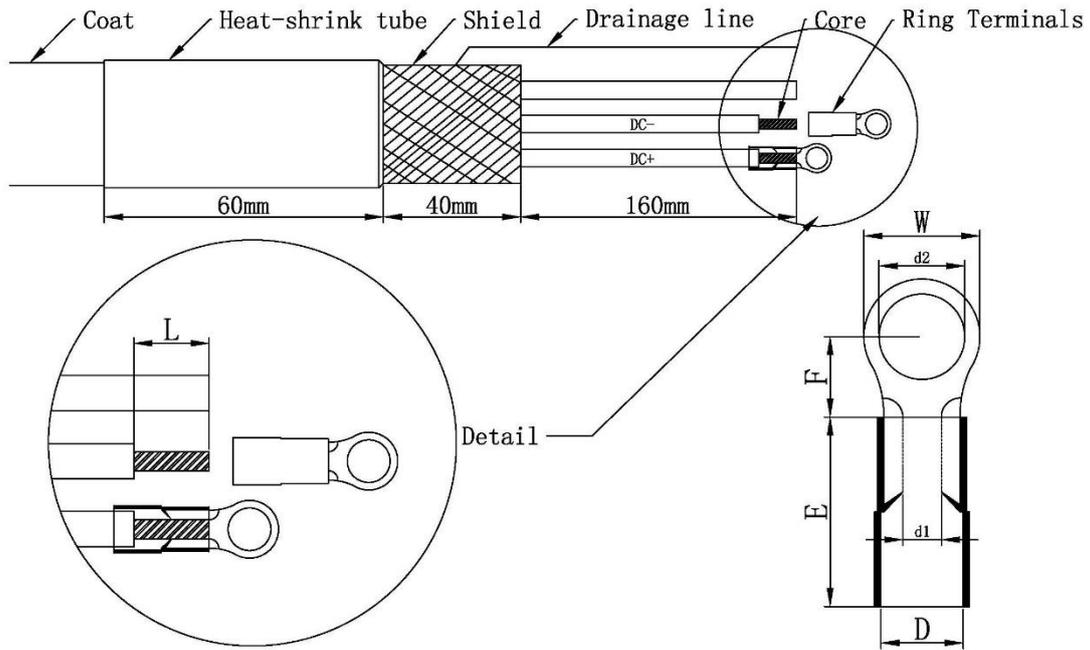
Step 6: Make the Phase Wires

Choose 2 wires of the cable as DC+ and DC-. Crimping pre-insulated Terminals on the wires will enhance the connection stability and simplicity between the cable and drive. AxN Size5 series drives are recommended to use the RNY series Ring Terminals manufactured by KST. Refer to the following table to select the appropriate terminal:

AxN Size5	Ring Terminals	d2(mm)	W(mm)	F(mm)	E(mm)	D(mm)	d1(mm)
AxN 90.150.4	RNYB22-8	8.4	16.5	13.5	24	13	7.7
AxN 110.200.4	RNYB22-8	8.4	16.5	13.5	24	13	7.7

Strip the wires for L mm ($1 \leq L \leq E$), the recommend strip length is $E/2$ mm, refer to the following table to select an appropriate length:

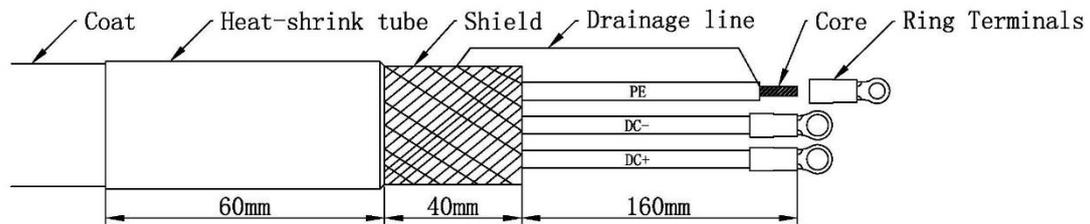
AxN Size5	Strip Length (mm)	Recommended Strip Length (mm)
AxN 90.150.4	1 ~ 24	12
AxN 110.200.4	1 ~ 24	12



Step 7: Connect the PE wire with Shield

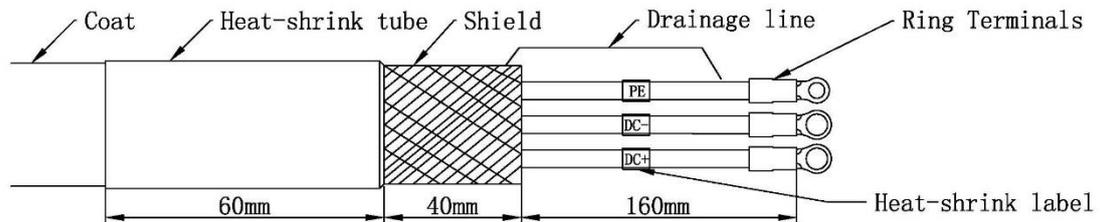
Use the same method to make the remaining wire as the PE wire. Then crimp the PE wire into the Ring Terminal along with the drainage line. Refer to the following table to select the appropriate terminal:

AxN Size5	Ring Terminals	d2(mm)	W(mm)	F(mm)	E(mm)	D(mm)	d1(mm)
AxN 90.150.4	RNYBS22-6	6.4	12.2	15.1	24	13	7.7
AxN 110.200.4	RNYBS22-6	6.4	12.2	15.1	24	13	7.7



Step 8: Check and Mark

Check every wire and the connection between shield and PE wire, then label each wire.



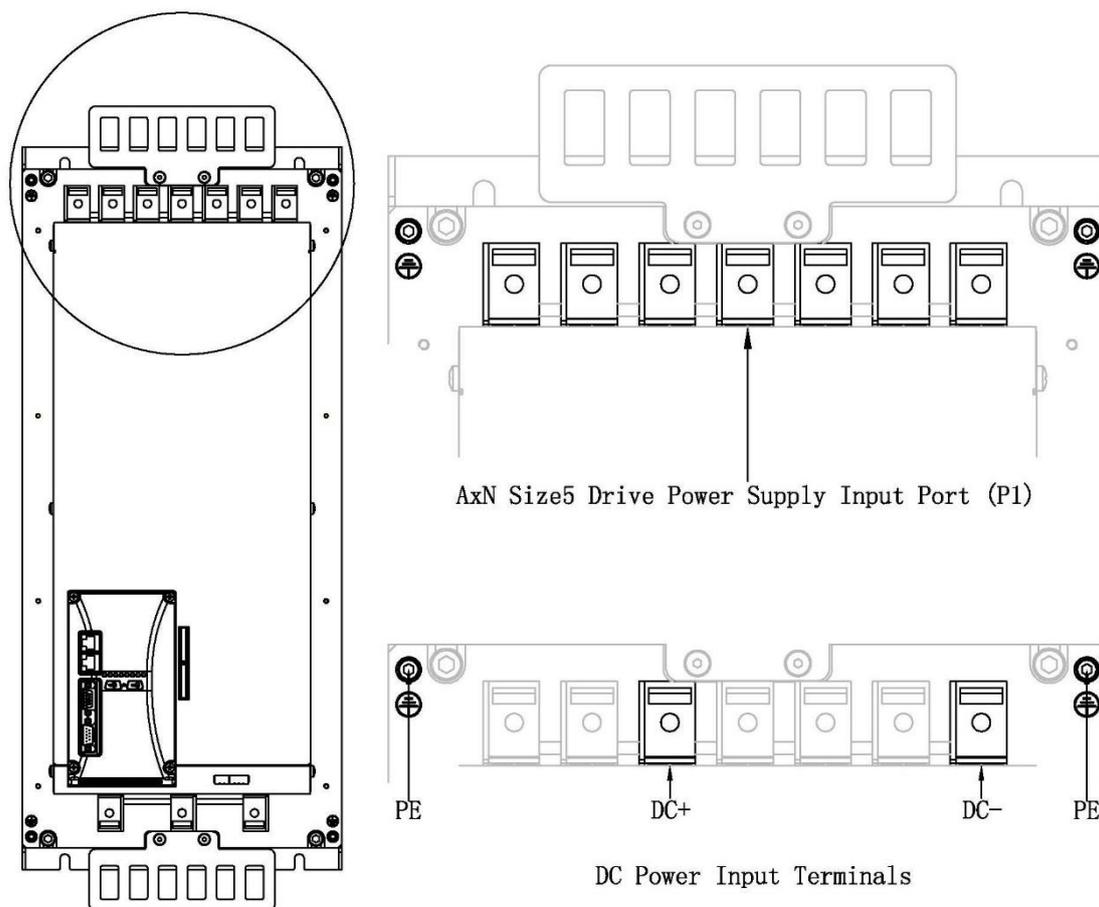
2.2.3 DC Power Supply Input Installation

Step 1: Check the Power Supply Type and Voltage

Make sure that the mains power supply is a DC power supply, and its voltage is 0 ~ 800 Vdc.

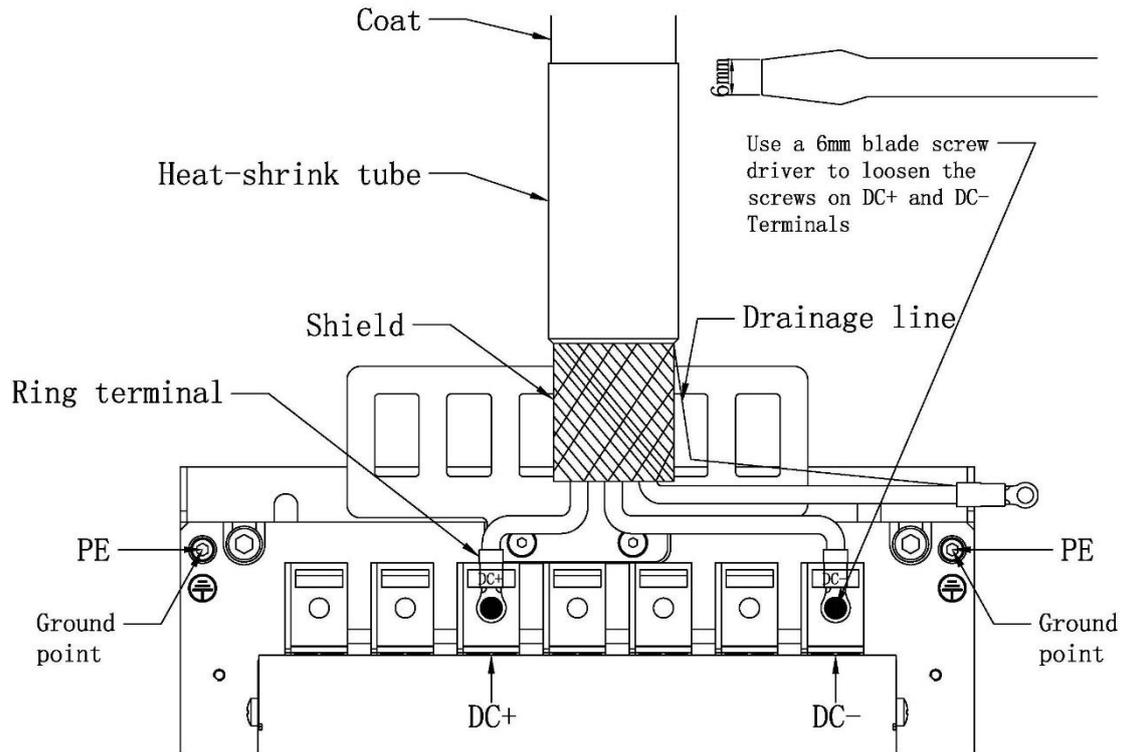
Step 2: Find out the DC Power Input Terminals

PE, DC+ and DC-, these are the three terminals called DC Power Input Terminals. AxN Size5 Drive's DC Power Input Terminals are in the Power Supply Input Port (P1) which is on the top of the drive. Refer to the following figures for exact locations and terminal Assignment.



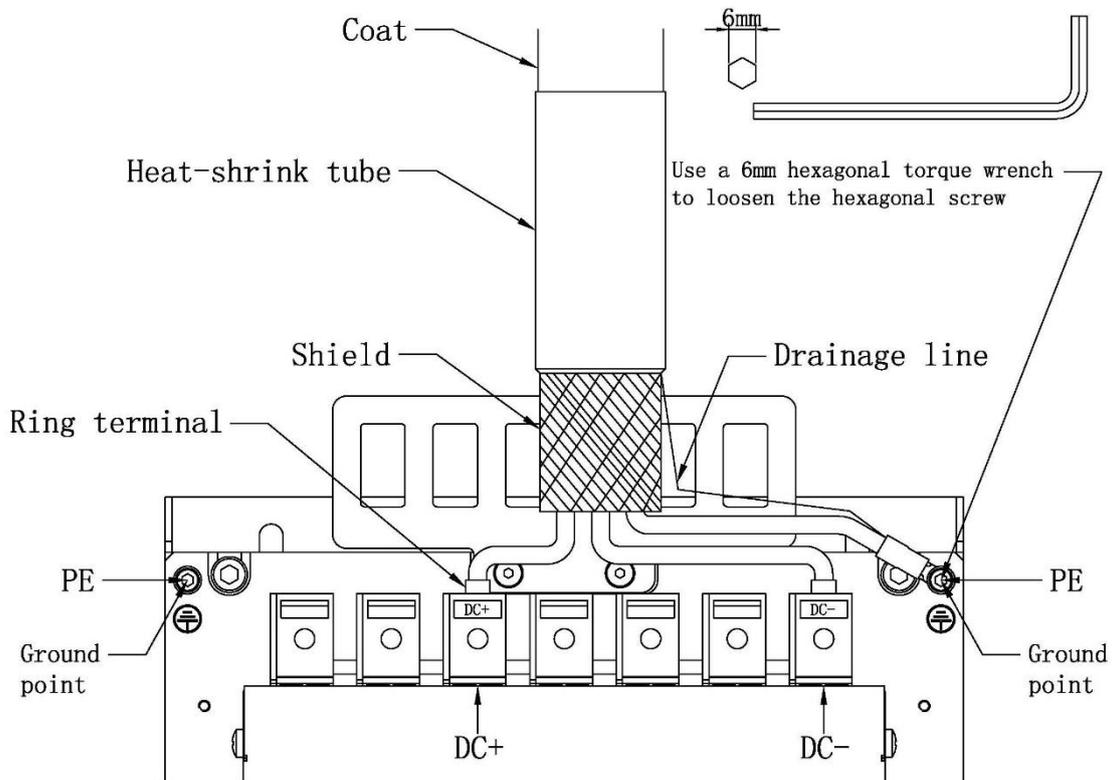
Step 3: Install DC Power Wires (DC+ and DC-)

Use a 6mm blade screw driver to loosen the screws on DC+ and DC- Terminals which are in the drive's Power Supply Input Port (P1). Insert the DC power supply cable's power wires into the corresponding terminals: DC+ to DC+ and DC- to DC-. Then use a 6mm blade screw driver to tight the screws.



Step 4: Install Grounding Wire

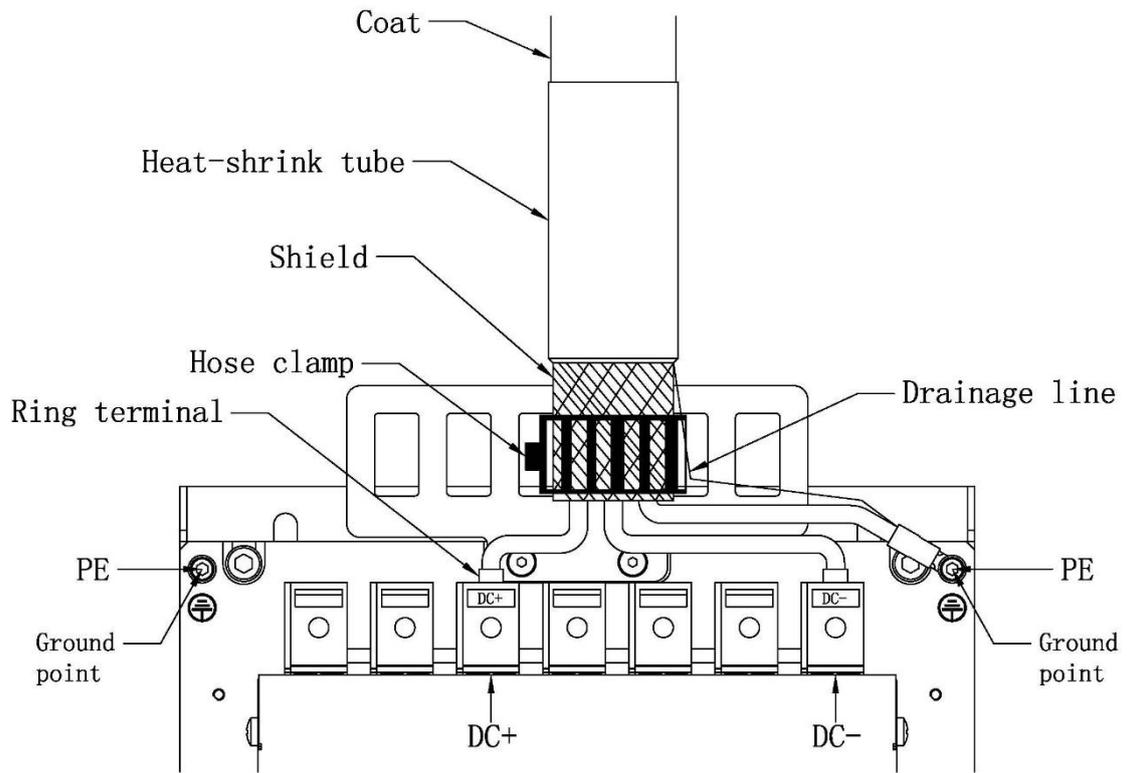
Use a 6mm hexagonal torque wrench to loosen the hexagonal screw on either PE Terminal which is on the drive's body. Fix the grounding wire on the PE terminal.



Step 6: Cable Fixing

Use a hose clamp to fix the cable on the cable support. Make sure that the cable shield has a large-

area contact against the cable support, so that they can together be grounded through drive housing.



2.3 Brake Resistor

Dynamic braking (DB) helps bring the motor to a smooth and rapid stop when working with high inertia loads. As the drive lowers the frequency of a motor with high inertia connected, regeneration occurs. This can cause an overvoltage situation when the regenerative energy flows back into the DC bus capacitors. A brake resistor prevents these overvoltage faults.

AxN Series Drive has an internal brake resistor inside the drive. And it can also connect an external brake resistor (Recommended).

WARNING: Do not operate AxN Drive without any brake resistor. Failure to comply may result in damage to braking circuit or drive.

2.3.1 Internal Brake Resistor

Every AxN Series Drive has an internal brake resistor. Regard to its properties, using internal brake resistor in real applications is **NOT** recommended. Refer to the following table for more details:

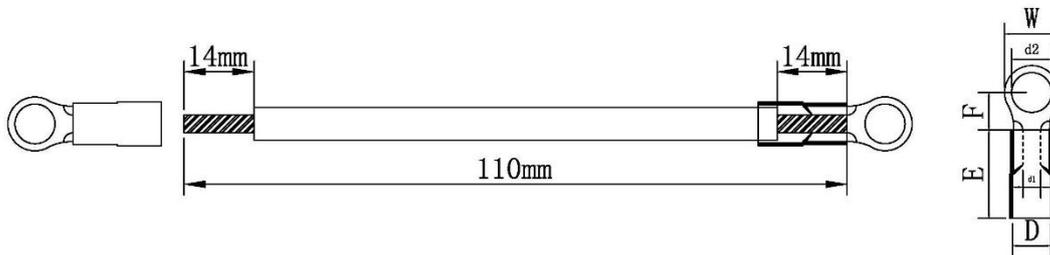
AxN Size5	Resistance (Ω)	Power (W)
AxN 90.150.4	3.5	150
AxN 110.200.4	3	150

2.3.2 Internal Brake Resistor Installation

Step 1: Fabricate Shortcut Wire

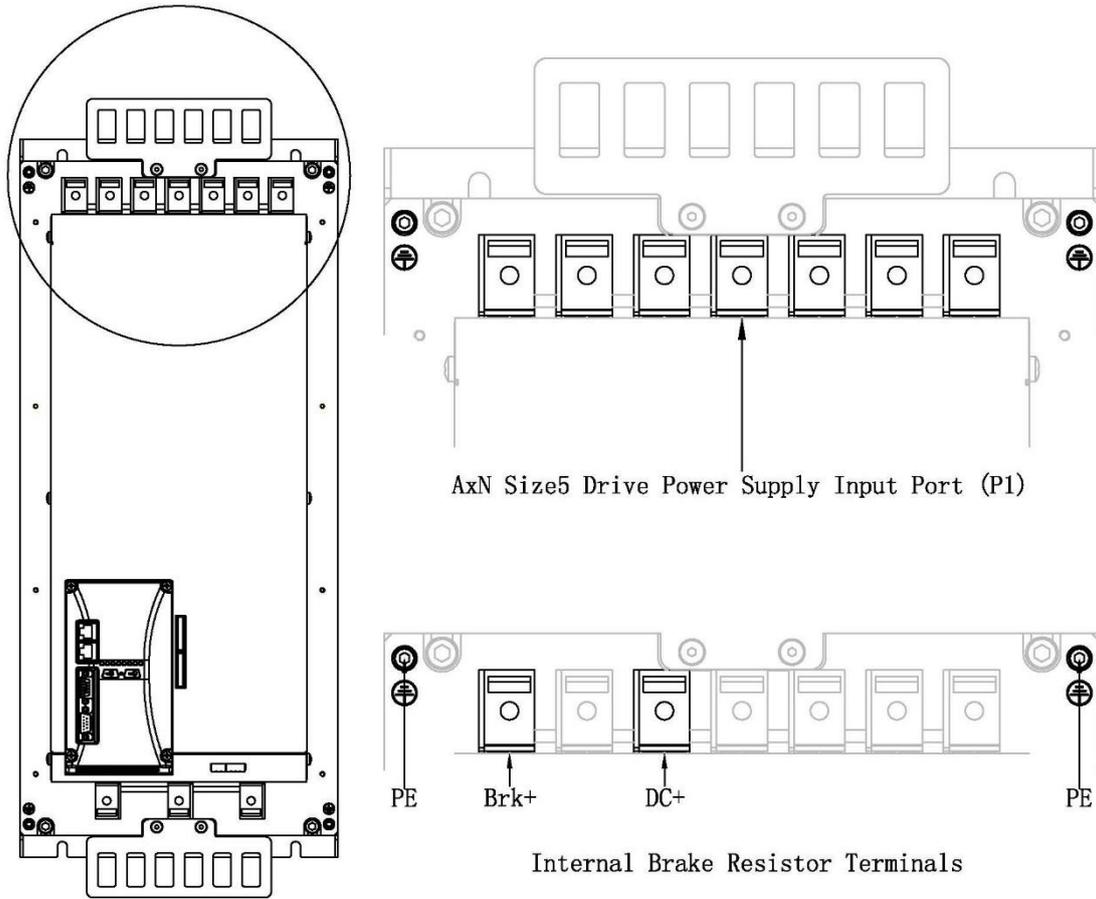
In order to activate the internal brake resistor, a shortcut wire is needed to shortcut terminal Brk+ and DC+. Select a 25mm² wire which is longer than 110mm, clamp two RNYB 22-8 ring terminals on both sides. The recommended strip length is 14mm. Refer to following figure and table for more detail.

Ring Terminal	d2 (mm)	W (mm)	F (mm)	E (mm)	D (mm)	d1 (mm)
RNYB 22-8	8.4	16.5	13.5	24	13	7.7



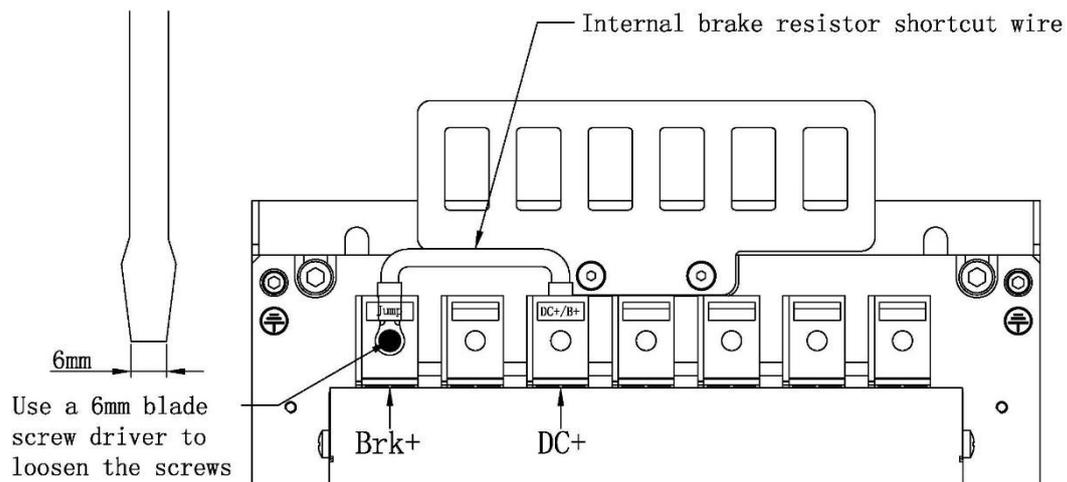
Step 2: Find out the Internal Brake Resistor Terminals

DC+ and Brk+, these are the two terminals called Internal Brake Resistor Terminals. AxN Size5 Drive's Internal Brake Resistor Terminals are in the Power Supply Input Port (P1) which is on the top of the drive. Refer to the following figure for exact locations and terminal Assignment.



Step 3: Shortcut DC+ and Brk+

Use a 6mm blade screw driver to loosen the screws on DC+ and Brk+ Terminals which are in the drive's Power Supply Input Port (P1). Then, use the shortcut wire to shortcut DC+ and Brk+.



2.3.3 External Brake Resistor

The External Brake Resistor must be sized properly in order to dissipate the required power to decelerate the load in desired time. There are three important factors: **Resistance**, **Maximum Absorb Energy** and **Maximum Power**.

Resistance

The selection of the external brake resistor resistance must be proper. If the resistance is smaller than Minimum Resistance, the IGBT might be damaged by the overload brake current. And if the resistance is bigger than Maximum Resistance, the brake procedure might be abort because of the high DC-Bus Voltage (over 900V).

Refer to following table to check the Minimum and Maximum Resistance of external brake resistor which is suitable for a particular drive:

AxN Size5	Minimum Resistance (Ω)	Maximum Resistance (Ω)
AxN 90.150.4	2	3.7
AxN 110.200.4	2	2.7

Maximum Absorb Energy and Maximum Power

Maximum Absorb Energy and Maximum Power are two important factors to evaluate the energy absorption ability of the brake resistor. The values of these two factors may differ from one application to another, but the basic idea is always the same, to dissipate the required power to decelerate the load in desired time.

NOTE: Brake resistor wires' insulation grade must be higher than 1000Vac and 3000Vdc.

2.3.4 External Brake Resistor Installation

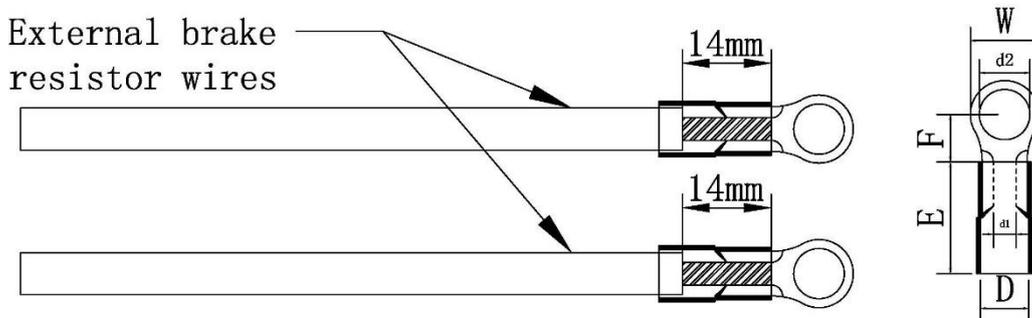
Step 1: Check the Brake Resistor

Check the external brake resistor's resistance, maximum absorb energy and maximum power. Make sure that the brake resistor is suitable for AxN Size5 Drive and real application.

Step 2: Fabricate Brake Resistor Wires

In order to install the brake resistor to AxN Size5 Drive, the brake's wire should be clamped ring terminals to fit the terminals on drive. AxN Size5 series drives are recommended to use the RNY series Ring Terminals manufactured by KST. And the recommended strip length is 14mm. Refer to following figure and table for more detail.

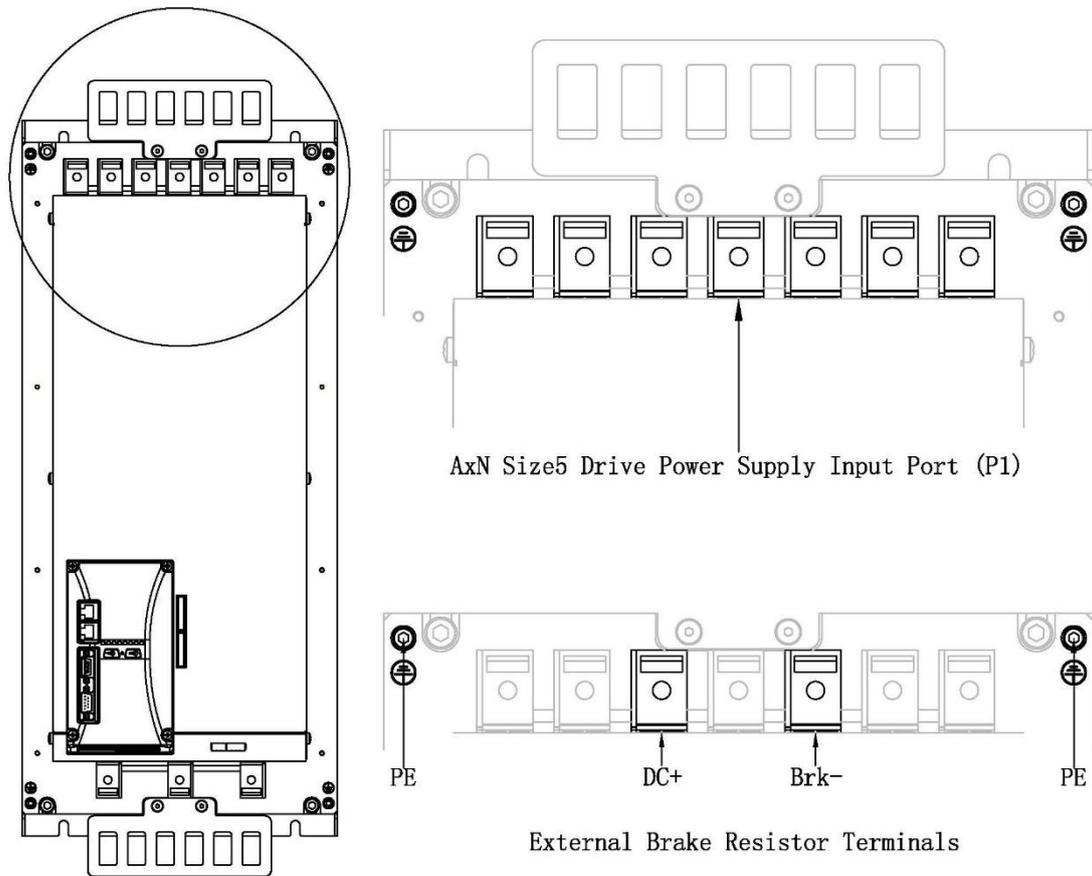
Ring Terminal	d2 (mm)	W (mm)	F (mm)	E (mm)	D (mm)	d1 (mm)
RNYB 22-8	8.4	16.5	13.5	24	13	7.7



Step 3: Find out the External Brake Resistor Terminals

DC+ and Brk-, these are the two terminals called External Brake Resistor Terminals. AxN Size5 Drive's Internal Brake Resistor Terminals are in the Power Supply Input Port (P1) which is on the

top of the drive. Refer to the following figures for exact locations and terminal Assignment.

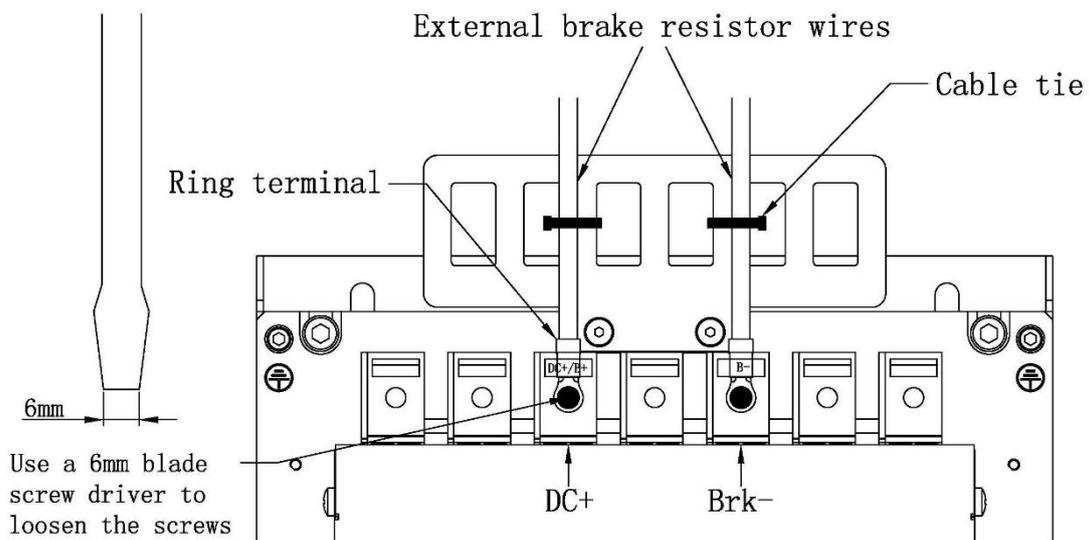


Step 4: Insert Wires into Corresponding Terminals

Use a 6mm blade screw driver to loosen the screws on DC+ and Brk- Terminals which are in the drive's Power Supply Input Port (P1). Insert the two wires of the external brake resistor separately into these two terminals. Then tight the screws.

Step 5: Wire Fixing

Use a cable tie to fix the wires on the cable support of AxN Size5 drive.



Step 6: Resistance Measurement

Use an avometer to measure the resistance between DC+ and Brk-. Compare it with the resistance of the external resistor, if they are the same, then the external resistor has been correctly installed.

WARNING: DO NOT BYPASS THIS STEP! This step can prevent malfunctions like wires shortcut, brake resistor fault and so on.

2.4 Motor Power Output

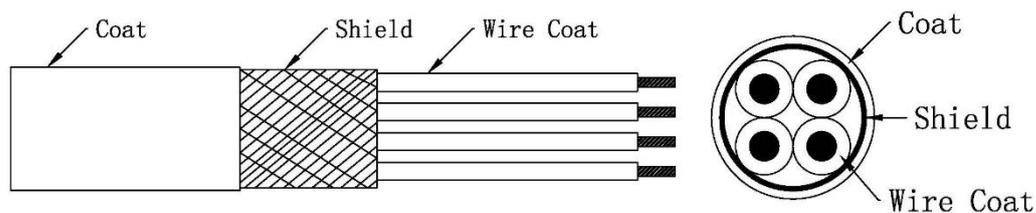
2.4.1 Motor Power Output Cable Fabrication

Motor Power Output Cable has two sides: drive side and motor side. This manual only mention the fabrication of drive side. And the motor side fabrication differs from different motors. If the motor is manufactured by Phase Motion Control, our Prefabricated Motor Power Output Cables are recommended. Refer to: Appendix: Prefabricated Cable—5.1 Motor Power Output cable for more details.

Step 1: Cable Selection

AxN Size5 drive must use a 4 wire cable with shield as its motor power output cable. Refer to the table below to select the appropriate cable:

AxN Size5	Current (A rms)	Recommended Gauge (mm ²)	Recommended Gauge (AWG)
AxN 90.150.4	90	21.15	4
AxN 110.200.4	110	26.67	3

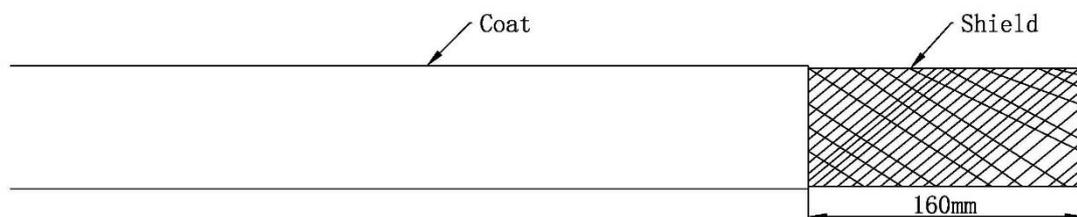


Step 2: Cable Length Measurement

Measure the distance between drive and motor then determine the suitable cable length.

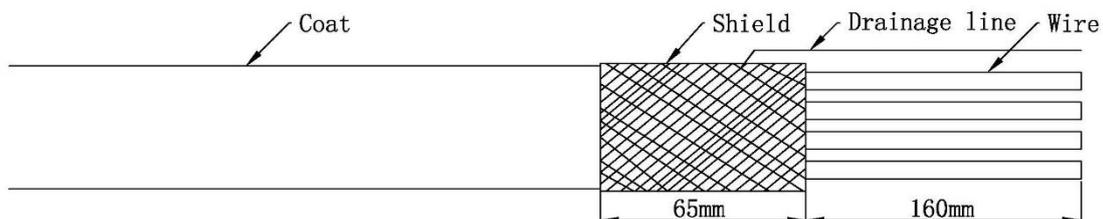
Step 3: Strip the Cable Coat

Strip the outside coat of the DC power supply cable for 160mm and reveal the inside shield.



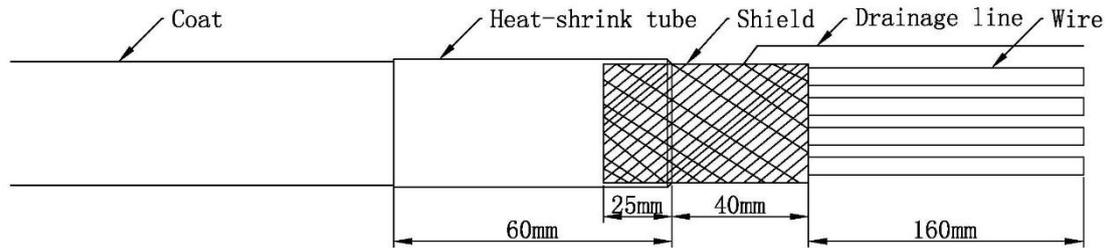
Step 4: Make the Grounding Shield

Leave 65mm Shield as the grounding shield and turn it to the outside of the coat. Then, weld a wire on the shield as the drainage line.



Step 5: Fix the Grounding Shield

Use a 60mm heat-shrink tube to fix the grounding shield and leave 40mm shield outside.



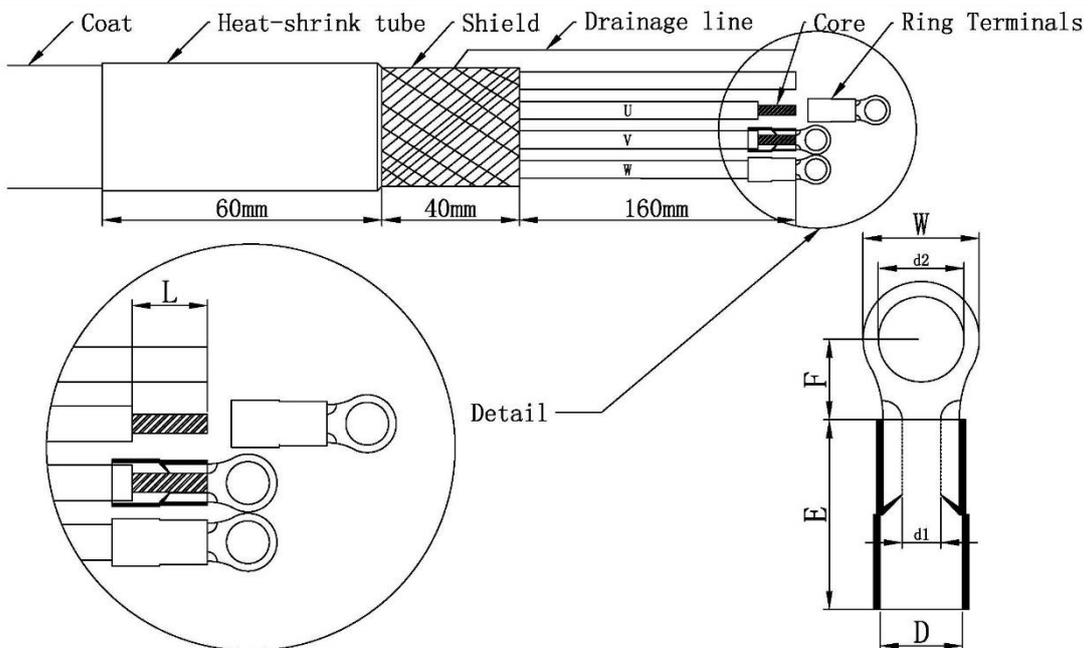
Step 6: Make the Phase Wires

Choose 3 wires of the cable as phase wires: U, V, W. Crimping pre-insulated Terminals on the wires will enhance the connection stability and simplicity between the cable and drive. AxN Size5 series drives are recommended to use the RNY Series Ring Terminals manufactured by KST. Refer to the following table to select the appropriate terminal:

AxN Size5	Ring Terminal	d2(mm)	W(mm)	F(mm)	E(mm)	D(mm)	d1(mm)
AxN 90.150.4	RNYB 22-8	8.4	16.5	13.5	24	13	7.7
AxN 110.200.4	RNYB 22-8	8.4	16.5	13.5	24	13	7.7

Strip the wires for L mm ($F \leq L \leq F+B$), the recommend strip length is $F+2$ mm, refer to the following table to select an appropriate length:

AxN Size5	Strip Length (mm)	Recommended Strip Length (mm)
AxN 90.150.4	1 ~ 24	12
AxN 110.200.4	1 ~ 24	12

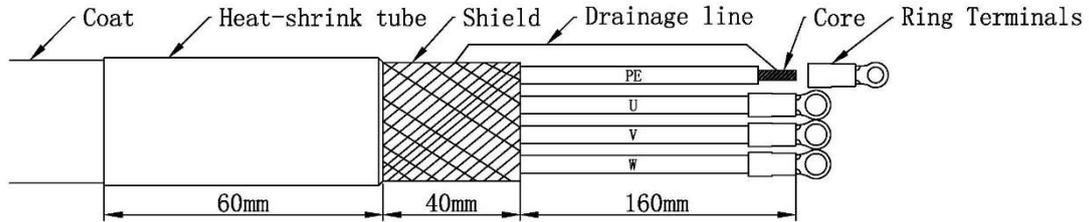


Step 7: Connect the PE wire with Shield

Use the same method to make the remaining wire as the PE wire. Then crimp the PE wire into the Ring Terminal along with the drainage line. Refer to the following table to select the appropriate

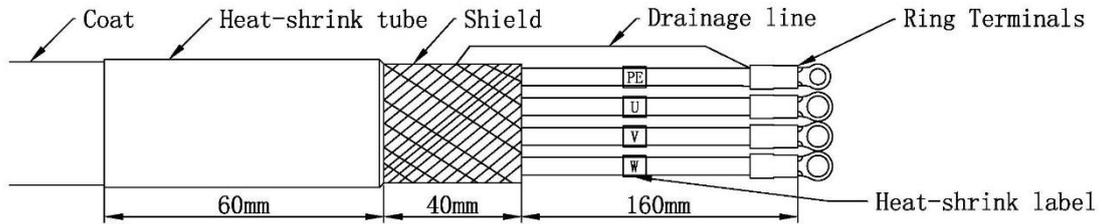
terminal:

AxN Size5	Ring Terminals	d2(mm)	W(mm)	F(mm)	E(mm)	D(mm)	d1(mm)
AxN 90.150.4	RNYBS22-6	6.4	12.2	15.1	24	13	7.7
AxN 110.200.4	RNYBS22-6	6.4	12.2	15.1	24	13	7.7



Step 8: Check and Mark

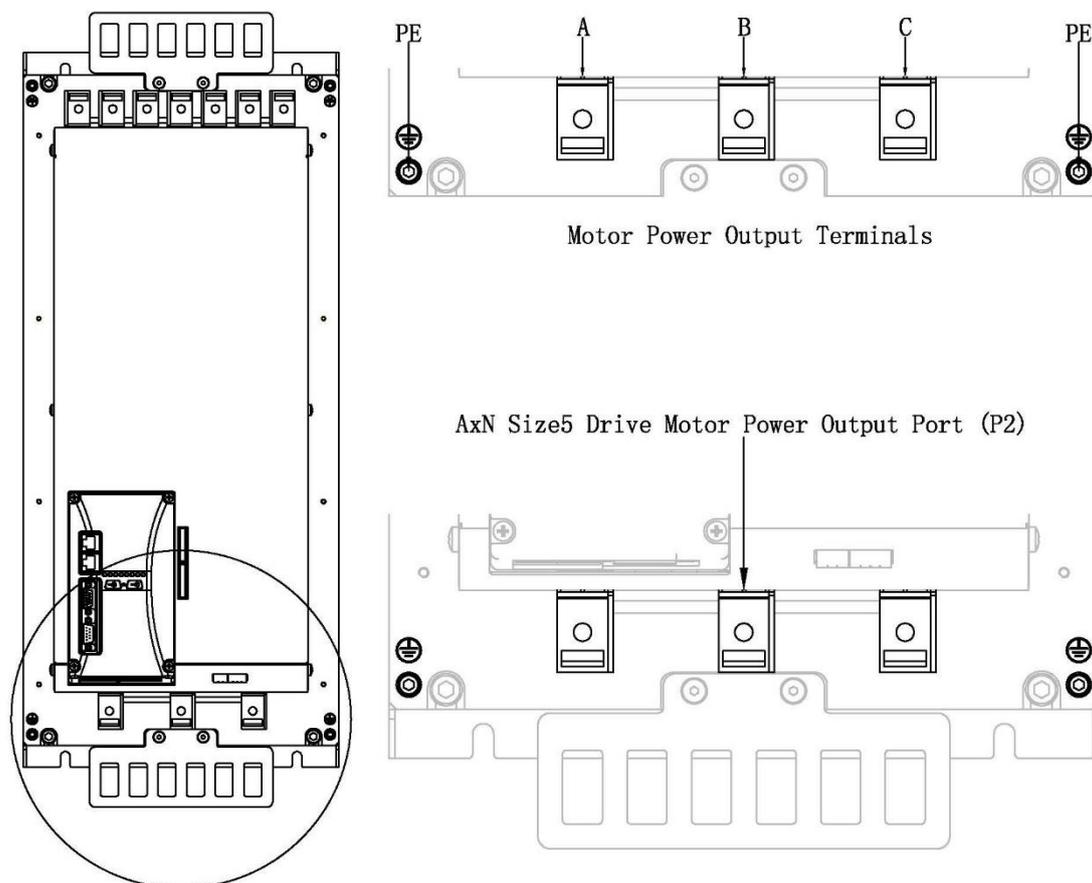
Check every wire and the connection between shield and PE wire, then label each wire.



2.4.2 Motor Power Output Installation

Step 1: Find out the Motor Power Output Terminals

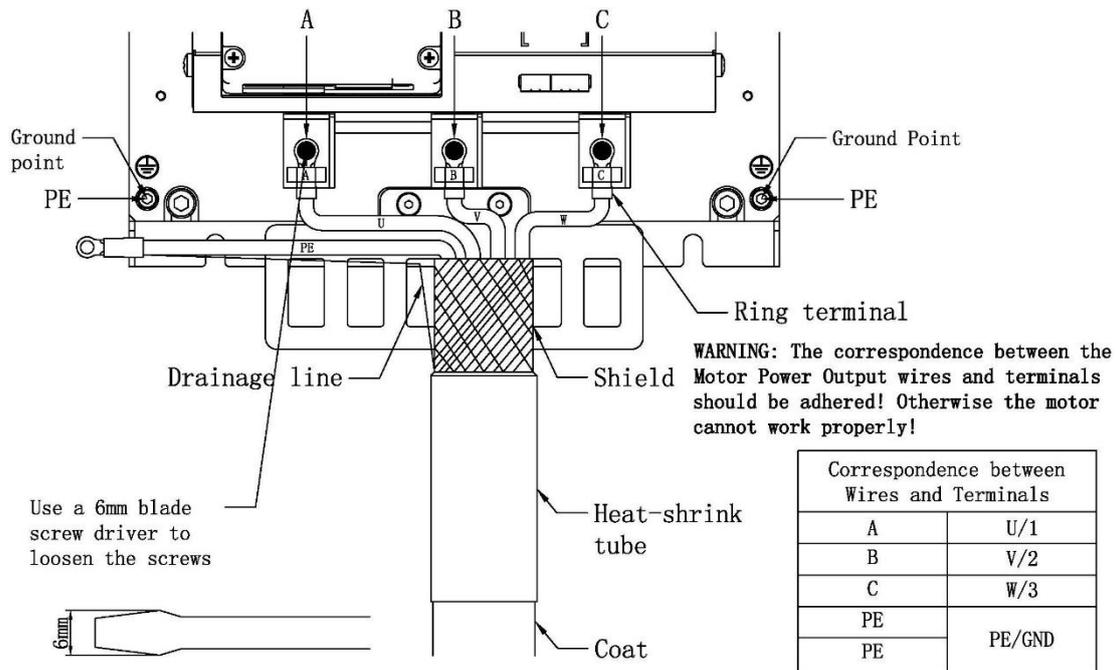
PE, A, B and C, these are the four terminals called Motor Power Output Terminals. AxN Size5 Drive's Motor Power Output Terminals are in the Motor Power Output Port (P2) which is on the bottom of the drive. Refer to the following figures for exact locations and terminal Assignment.



Step 2: Install Phase Wires (U, V and W)

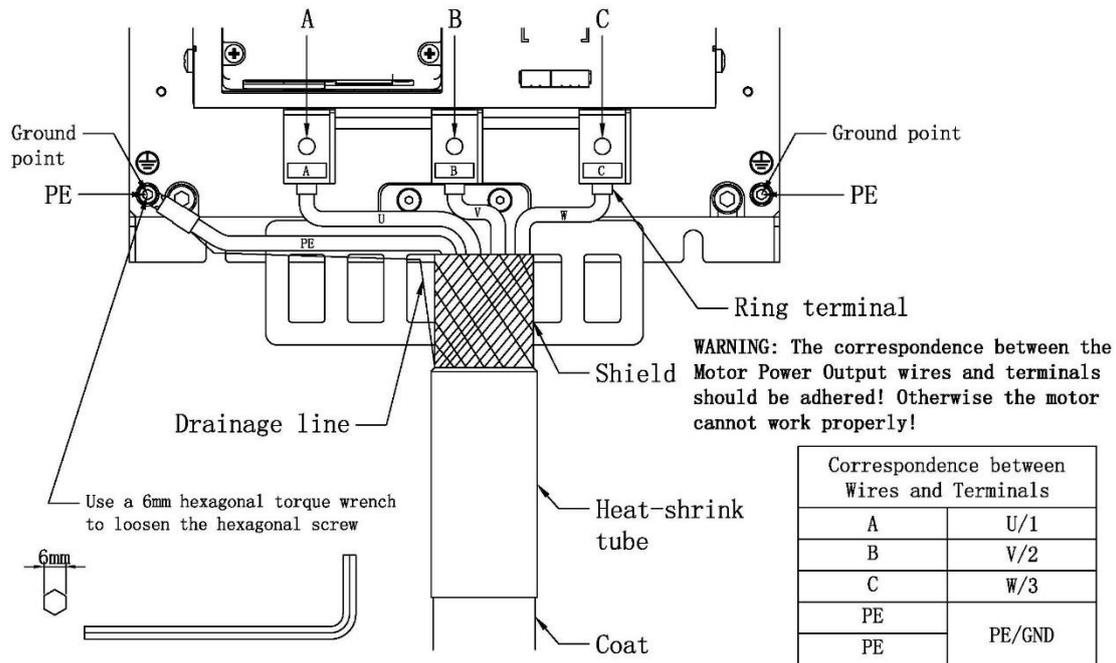
Use a 6mm blade screw driver to loosen the screws on U, V and W Terminals which are in the drive's Motor Power Output Port (P2). Insert the motor power output cable's phase wires into the corresponding terminals: **U to A, V to B and W to C**. Then use a 6mm blade screw driver to tight the screws.

WARNING: The correspondence between the Motor Power Output wires and terminals should be adhered! Otherwise the motor cannot work properly!



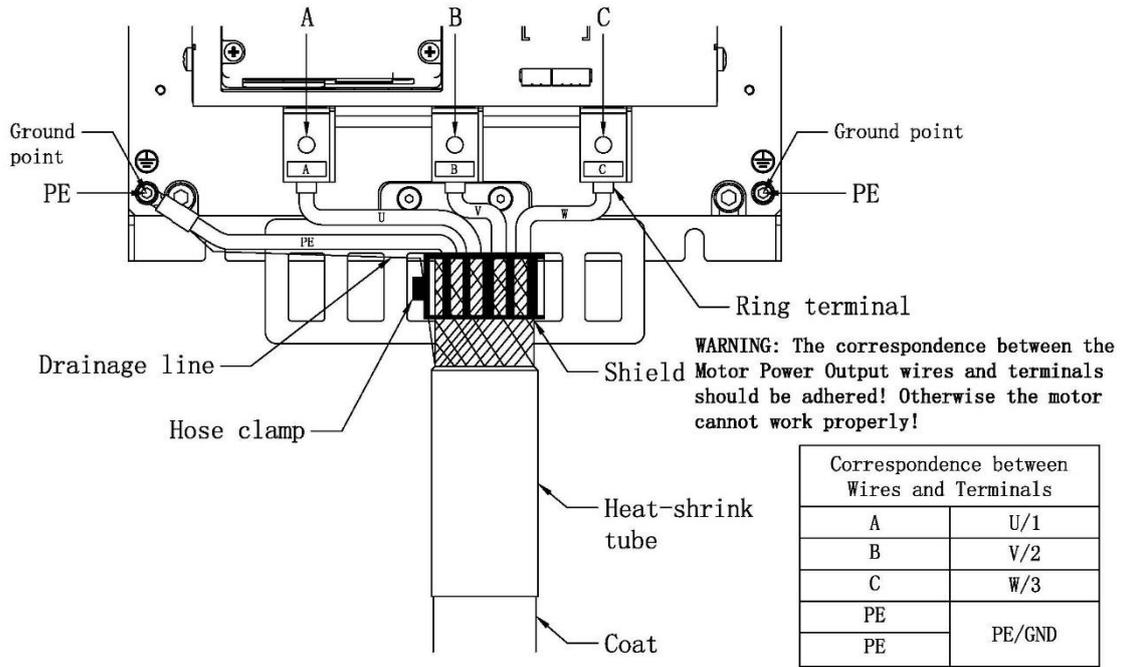
Step 3: Install Grounding Wire

Use a 6mm hexagonal torque wrench to loosen the hexagonal screw on either PE Terminal which is on the drive's body. Fix the grounding wire on the PE terminal.



Step 4: Cable Fixing

Use a hose clamp to fix the cable on the cable support. Make sure that the cable shield has a large-area contact against the cable support, so that they can together be grounded through drive housing.



3 Control Circuit Wiring

3.1 Auxiliary Power Supply (AUX_Power)

3.1.1 Auxiliary Power Supply Requirement

Main Supply	AxN Size5
Voltage	24V
Type	DC power
Fluctuation of Voltage	±15% (22.8 ~ 25.2V)
Nominal Power	192W
Nominal Current	8A

3.1.2 Auxiliary Power Supply Cable Fabrication

This manual only mention the fabrication of auxiliary power supply port on AxN drive side.

Step 1: Cable Selection

Select a 2 mm² (14 AWG) two wires cable as drive’s auxiliary power supply cable.

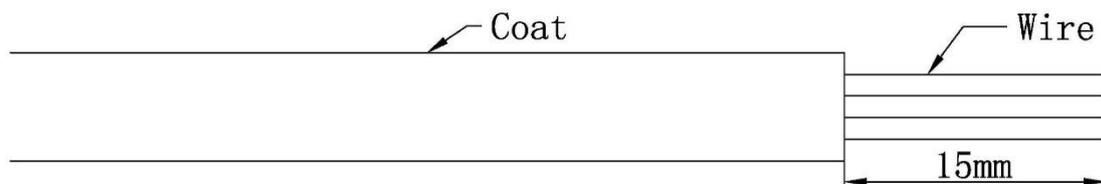
Step 2: Cable Length Measurement

Measure the distance between drive and power supply then determine the suitable cable length.

NOTE: the distance between two devices should comply with the Installation Space Regulation of AxN Size5 Drive (Refer to [1.5 Installation Spacing](#)).

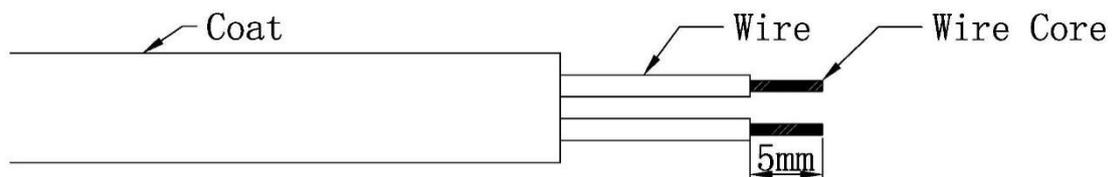
Step 3: Strip the Cable Coat

Strip the outside coat of the auxiliary power supply cable for 15mm and reveal the wires.



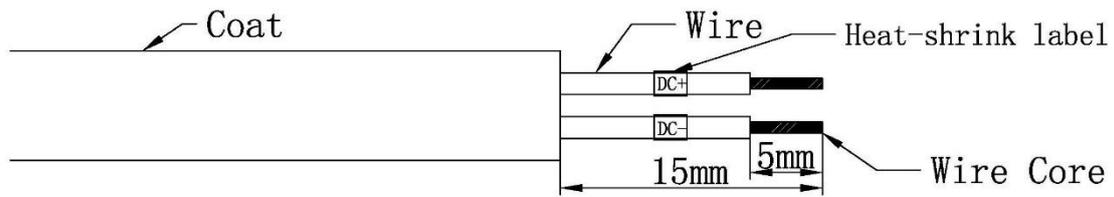
Step 4: Make DC+ Wire and DC- Wire

Mark one wire as DC+ and another as DC-, then strip wires’ coat for 5mm.



Step 5: Check and Label

Check every wire’s conductivity and then label them.



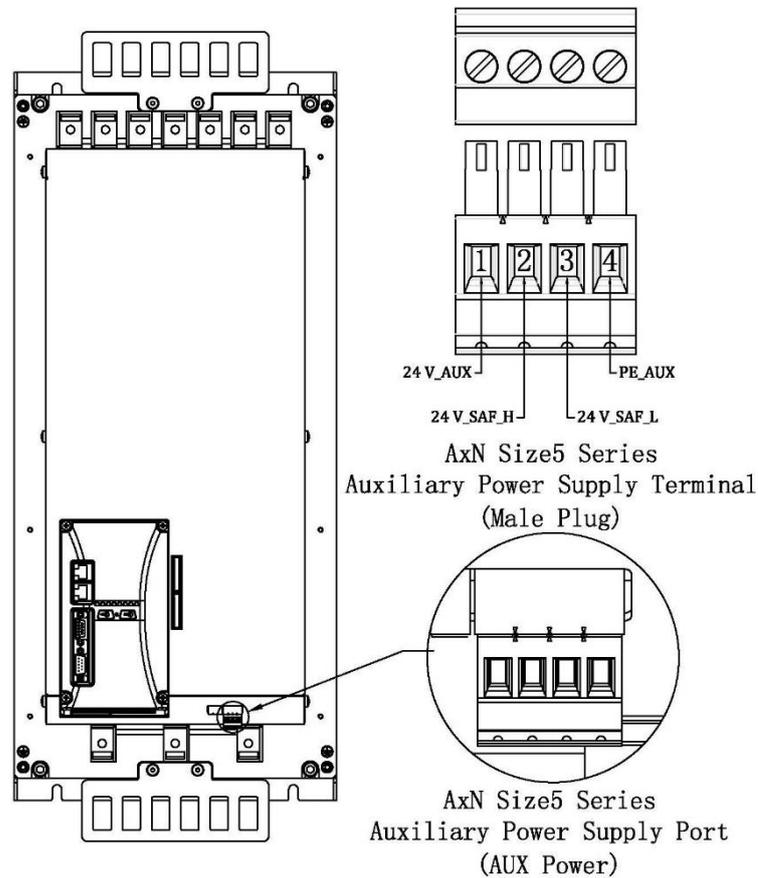
3.1.3 Auxiliary Power Supply Installation

Step 1: Check Power Supply Voltage and Power

Make sure that the auxiliary power supply's voltage is 22.8 ~ 25.2Vdc, and it can provide 6A, 140W power.

Step 2: Find out the Auxiliary Power Supply Port (AUX_Power)

AxN Series Drive's Auxiliary Power Supply Port (Female Plug, 4Pin) is on the right bottom of the drive. And a corresponding Auxiliary Power Supply Terminal (Male Plug, 4Pin) is provided in the accessories. Refer to the following figure for exact location.



Terminal Configuration

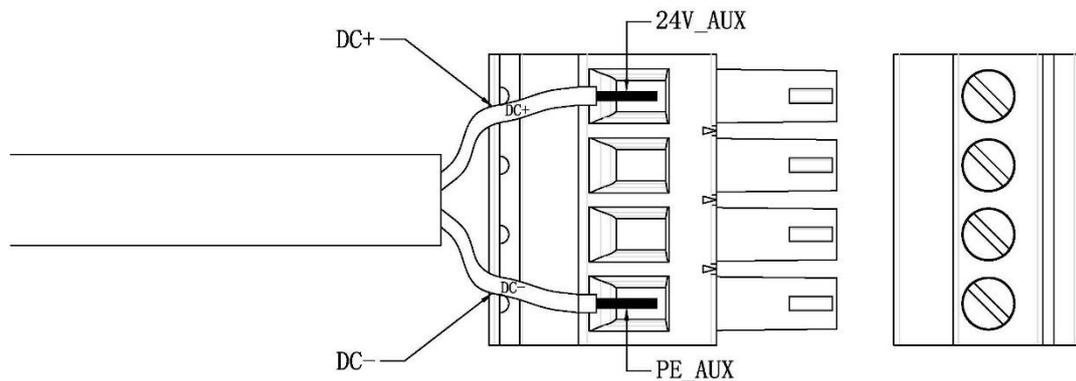
Pin	Name	Function	Description
1	24V_AUX	Control circuit power supply	24Vdc Positive
2	24V_SAF_H	STO high-side power bridge power supply	24Vdc Positive
3	24V_SAF_L	STO low-side power bridge power supply	24Vdc Positive
4	GND_AUX	Reference ground	24Vdc Negative

STO Function

Normal version AxN Series Drive does not have the STO function. If you want to use the STO function, you must order a STO version AxN Series Drive. There are 2 pins which are related to the STO function, 24V_SAF_H and 24V_SAF_L. If you cut either of these pins' power, STO will be activated and the motor will stop. Normal version AxN Series Drive has already internally short cut Pin 24V_AUX, 24_SAF_H and 24V_SAF_L, so that STO function is disabled.

Step 3: Connect the Cable to Terminal

Insert DC+ wire into terminal 24V_AUX and insert DC- wire into PE_AUX, then use a screwdriver to tight the screws on the terminals.



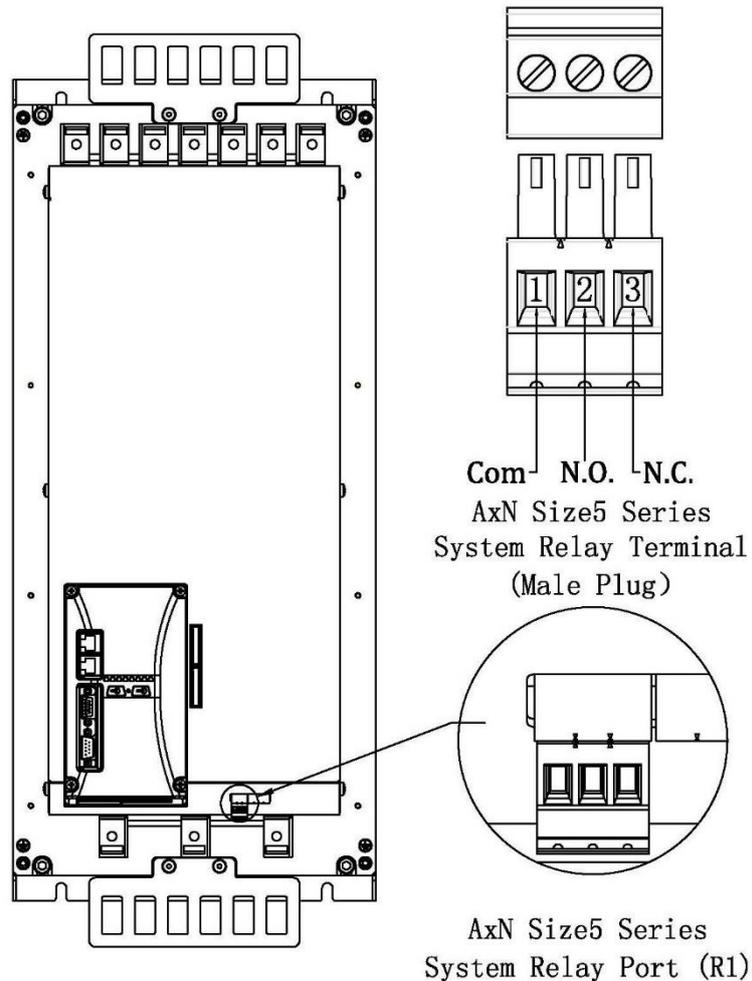
Step 4: Insert Terminal into Port

Insert the terminal along with the cable into Auxiliary Power Supply Port (AUX_Power).

3.2 System Relay (R1)

Port Location

AxN Size5 Drive's System Relay Port (Female Plug, 3Pin) is on the right bottom of the drive. And a corresponding System Relay Terminal (Male Plug, 3Pin) is provided in the accessories. Refer to the following figures for exact location.

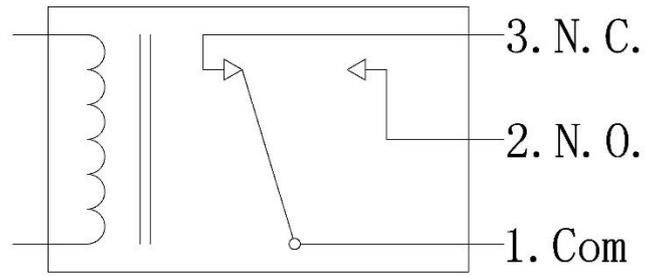


Terminal Configuration

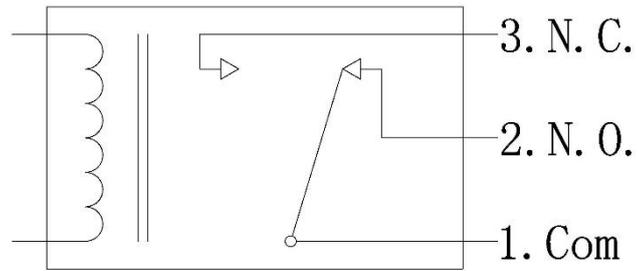
Pin	Name	Function	Description
1	Com	Common relay contact	To be used as drive system OK signal
2	N.O.	Relay normally open contact	
3	N.C.	Relay normally closed contact	

Diagram

AxN Series Drive use a relay to indicate the status. When Drive is power off or system is not ready, the circuit is connected between N.C. (Normally Closed) and Com. In the meantime, the circuit is disconnect between N.O. (Normally Open) and Com, illustrated as below.

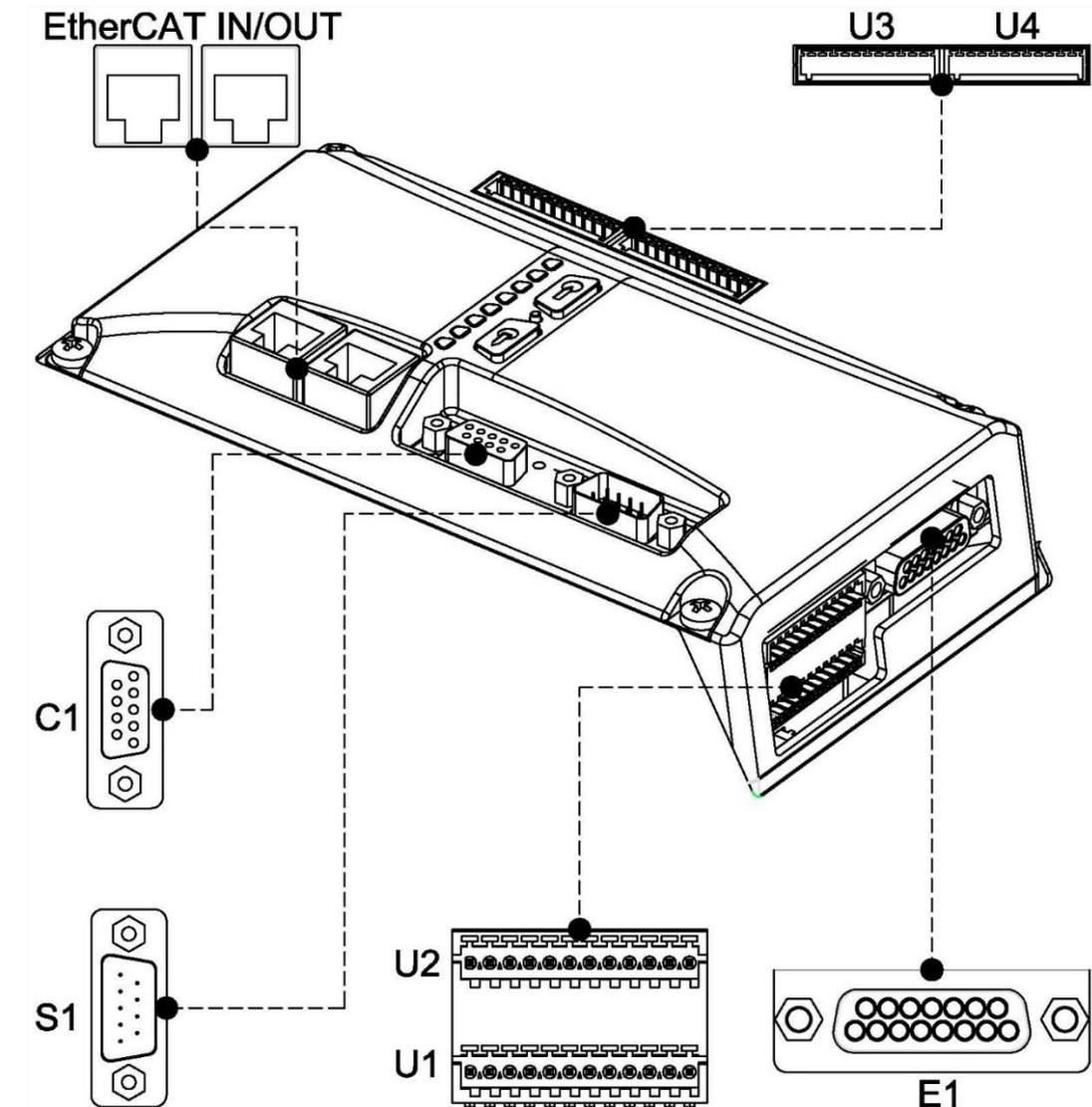


When the drive is ready, N.O. connects Com and N.C. disconnects Com, illustrated as below.



4 Communication Port

4.1 Overview of Communication Port Panel



Name	Function	Description
E1	Encoder Connector	SinCos, Endat, Digital Incremental with Hall, Resolver and Hiperface
U1/U2	User Connectors	4 Analog Inputs, 2 Analog Outputs; 8 Digital Inputs, 4 Digital Outputs
S1	Serial Bus Connector	RS232, RS422 and RS485 / Secondary CAN
C1	CAN Connector	Main CAN / Auxiliary Encoder
EtherCAT IN/OUT	EtherCAT Connector	RJ45 100Base-TX
U3/U4	Insolated User Connectors (Optional)	Insolated: 3 Analog Inputs, 2 Analog Outputs; 8 Digital Inputs, 2 Digital Outputs. Optional

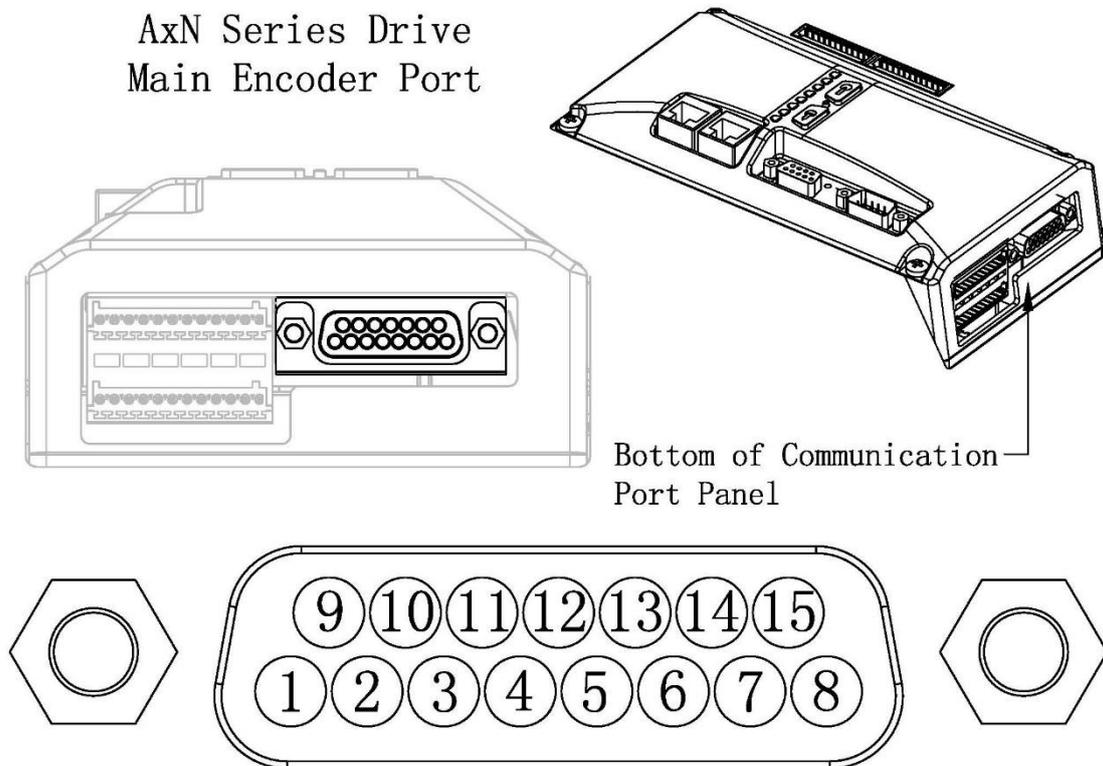
4.2 E1 — Main Encoder Port

AxN Series Drive's Main Encoder Port is used to connect motor's position sensor (encoder). AxN Series Drive can support 5 different kinds of position sensor: Sincos Encoder, Endat Encoder, Digital incremental Encoder with Hall, Resolver and Hiperface Encoder. Different position sensor has different pin assignment, refer to correspond section for more details.

If the motor is manufactured by Phase Motion Control, our Prefabricated Encoder Cables are recommended. Refer to: Appendix: Prefabricated Cable—5.2 Encoder Cable for more details.

Location

AxN Series Drive's Main Encoder Port (Female Plug, 15 Pin D-Sub) is on the right bottom of the Communication Port Panel. Refer to the following figures for exact location.

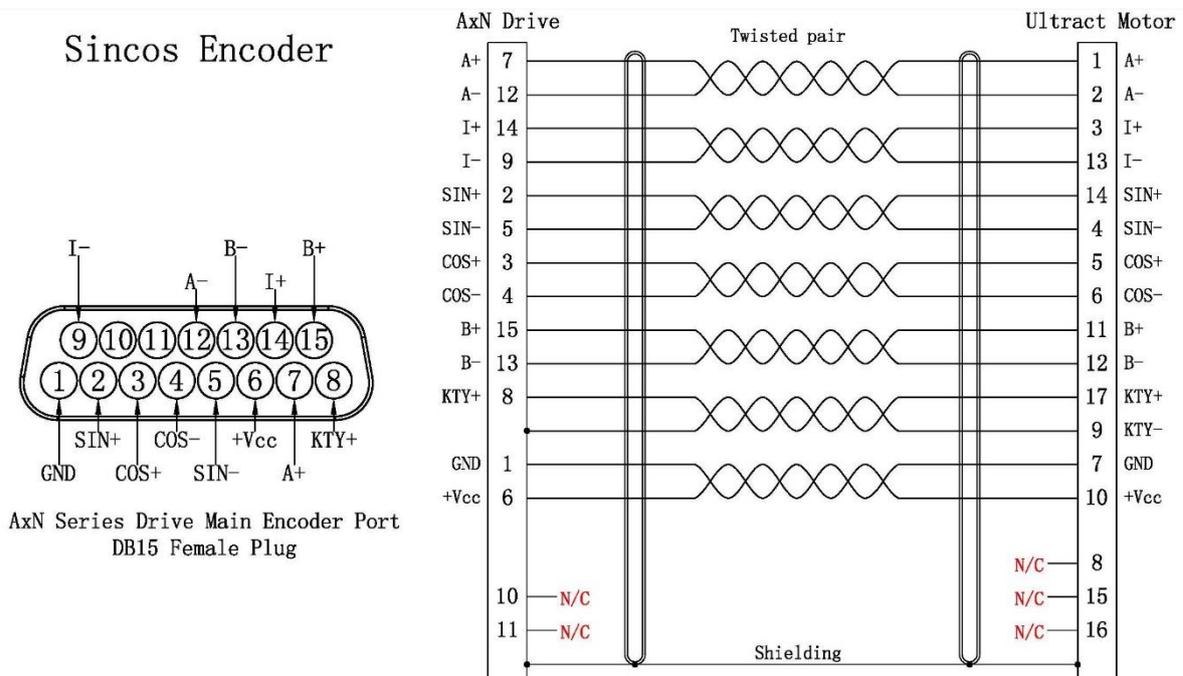


4.2.1 Sincos Encoder

Pin Assignment

Pin	Name	Function	Signal Description
1	GND	Supply ground	Encoder ground
2	SIN+	Encoder absolute channel	1 Vpp differential
3	COS+	Encoder absolute channel	1 Vpp differential
4	COS-	Encoder absolute channel	1 Vpp differential
5	SIN-	Encoder absolute channel	1 Vpp differential
6	+Vcc	Encoder supply, 5Vdc	Positive supply voltage
7	A+	Encoder incremental channel	1 Vpp differential
8	KTY+	Thermal sensor positive	
9	I-	Encoder index	1 Vpp differential
10	---	---	---
11	---	---	---
12	A-	Encoder incremental channel	1 Vpp differential
13	B-	Encoder incremental channel	1 Vpp differential
14	I+	Encoder index	1 Vpp differential
15	B+	Encoder Incremental channel	1 Vpp differential

Connection Table (with Ultract Series Motors)



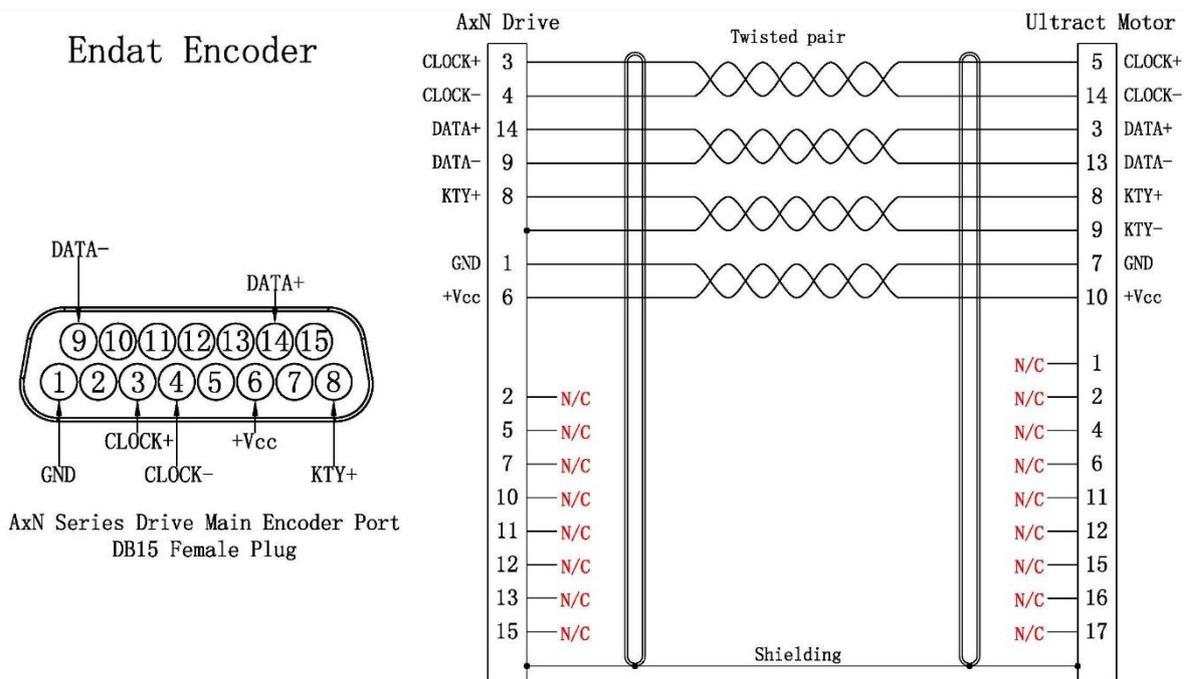
- 1) N/C — No Connection;
- 2) Connector back shell shielded 360° (Both ends);
- 3) ● means that the shield or cable should connect to connectors.

4.2.2 Endat Encoder

Pin Assignment

Pin	Name	Function	Signal Description
1	GND	Supply ground	Encoder ground
2	---	---	---
3	CLOCK+	Endat clock	TTL
4	CLOCK-	Endat clock	TTL
5	---	---	---
6	+Vcc	Encoder supply, 8Vdc	Positive supply voltage
7	---	---	---
8	KTY+	Thermal sensor positive	
9	DATA-	Endat data	TTL
10	---	---	---
11	---	---	---
12	---	---	---
13	---	---	---
14	DATA+	Endat data	TTL
15	---	---	---

Connection Table (with Ultract Series Motors)



- 1) N/C — No Connection;
- 2) Connector back shell shielded 360° (Both ends);
- 3) ● means that the shield or cable should connect to connectors.

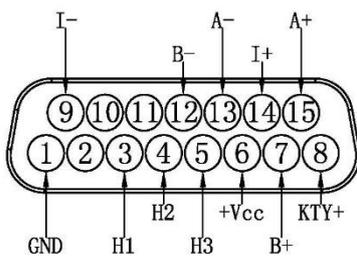
4.2.3 Digital Incremental Encoder with Hall

Pin Assignment

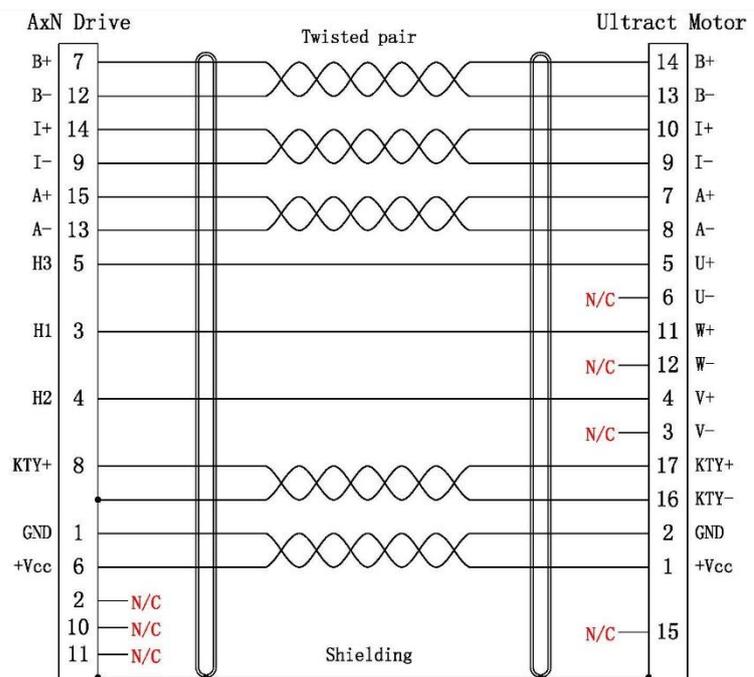
Pin	Name	Function	Signal Description
1	GND	Supply ground	Encoder ground
2	---	---	---
3	H1	Hall sensor	TTL
4	H2	Hall sensor	TTL
5	H3	Hall sensor	TTL
6	+Vcc	Encoder supply, 8Vdc	Positive supply voltage
7	B+	Encoder incremental channel	TTL
8	KTY+	Thermal sensor positive	
9	I-	Encoder index	TTL
10	---	---	---
11	---	---	---
12	B-	Encoder incremental channel	TTL
13	A-	Encoder incremental channel	TTL
14	I+	Encoder index	TTL
15	A+	Encoder incremental channel	TTL

Connection Table (with Ultract Series Motors)

Digital Incremental Encoder with Hall



AxN Series Drive Main Encoder Port
DB15 Female Plug



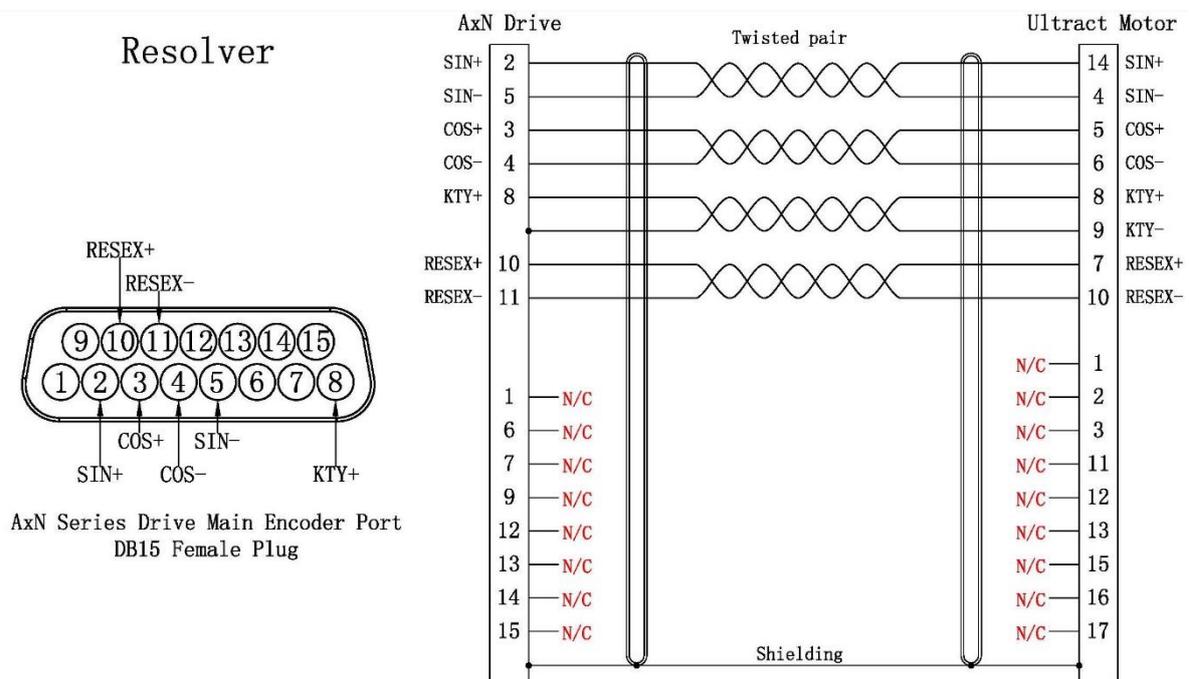
- 1) N/C — No Connection;
- 2) Connector back shell shielded 360° (Both ends);
- 3) ● means that the shield or cable should connect to connectors.

4.2.4 Resolver

Pin Assignment

Pin	Name	Function	Signal Description
1	---	---	---
2	SIN+	Absolute channel	Differential signal
3	COS+	Absolute channel	Differential signal
4	COS-	Absolute channel	Differential signal
5	SIN-	Absolute channel	Differential signal
6	---	---	---
7	---	---	---
8	KTY+	Thermal sensor positive	
9	---	---	---
10	RESEX+	Resolver energising +	8kHz sinusoidal wave
11	RESEX-	Resolver energising -	8kHz sinusoidal wave
12	---	---	---
13	---	---	---
14	---	---	---
15	---	---	---

Connection Table (with Ultract Series Motors)



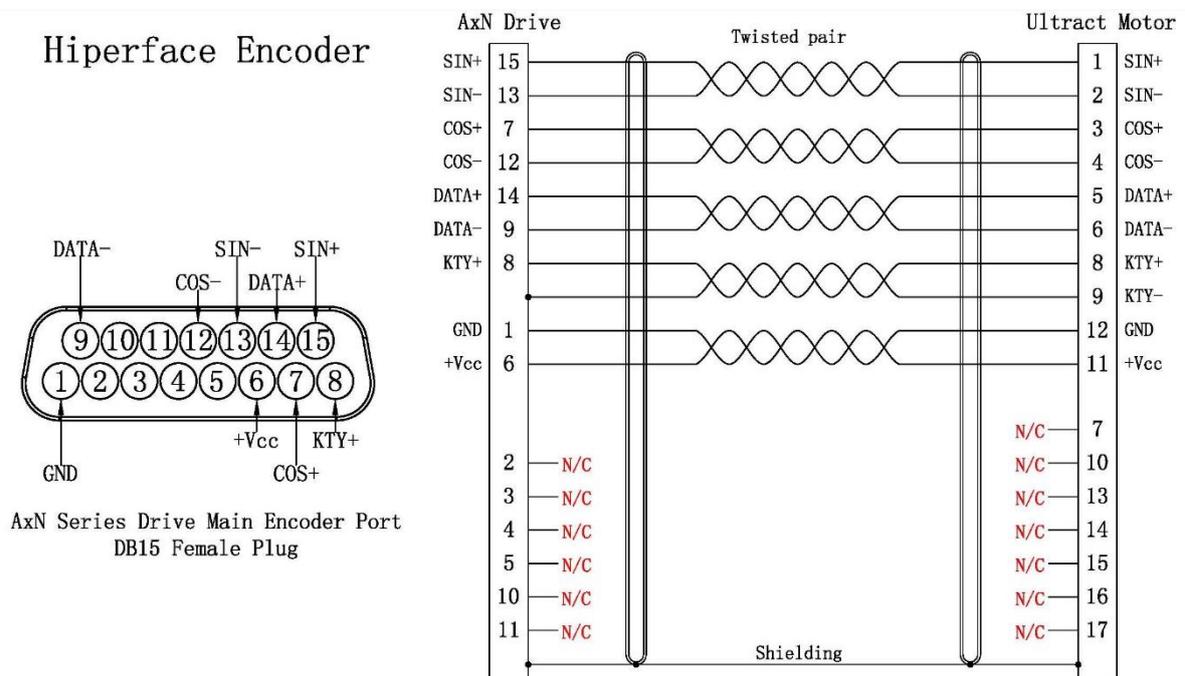
- 1) N/C — No Connection;
- 2) Connector back shell shielded 360° (Both ends);
- 3) ● means that the shield or cable should connect to connectors.

4.2.5 Hiperface Encoder

Pin Assignment

Pin	Name	Function	Signal Description
1	GND	Supply ground	Encoder ground
2	---	---	---
3	---	---	---
4	---	---	---
5	---	---	---
6	+Vcc	Encoder supply, 8Vdc	Positive supply voltage
7	COS+	Process data channel	TTL
8	KTY+	Thermal sensor positive	
9	DATA-	RS-485 parameter channel	TTL
10	---	---	---
11	---	---	---
12	COS-	Process data channel	TTL
13	SIN-	Process data channel	TTL
14	DATA+	RS-485 parameter channel	TTL
15	SIN+	Process data channel	TTL

Connection Table (with Ultract Series Motors)



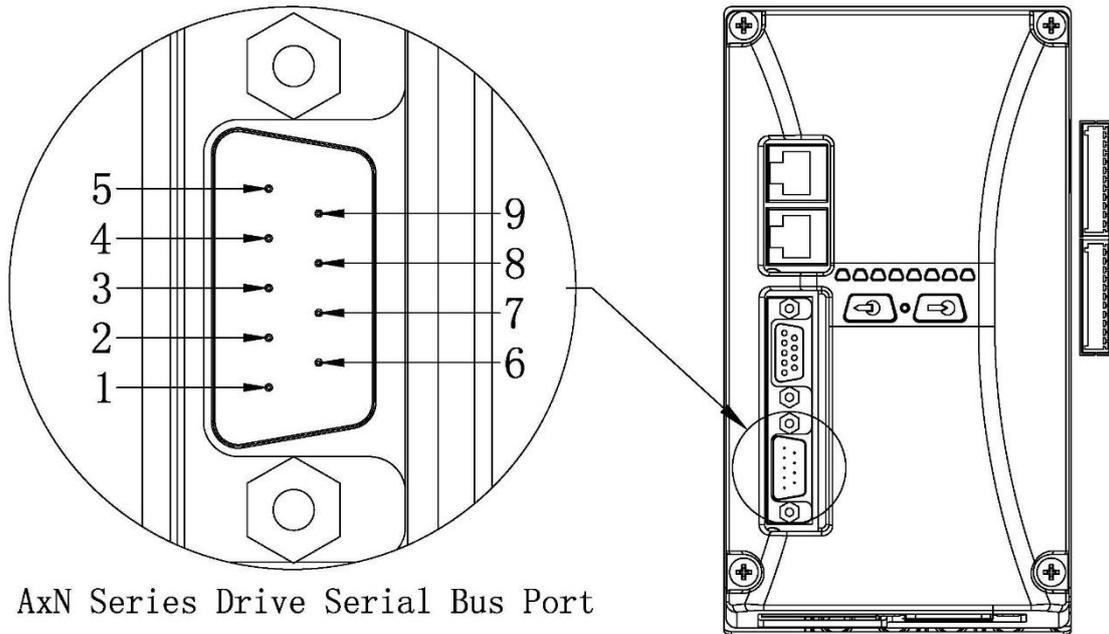
- 1) N/C — No Connection;
- 2) Connector back shell shielded 360° (Both ends);
- 3) ● means that the shield or cable should connect to connectors.

4.3 S1 — Serial Bus Port

AxN Series Drive's Serial Bus Port (S1) supports RS-232, RS-422, RS-485 and CAN protocol. But only one communication interface can be used at a time.

Location

AxN Series Drive's Serial Bus Port (Male Plug, 9 Pin D-Sub) is on the downside of drive's communication port panel. Refer to the following figures for exact location.

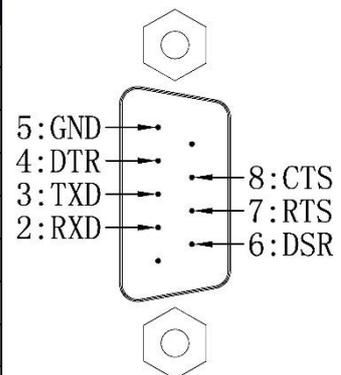


AxN Series Drive Serial Bus Port

4.3.1 RS-232

Pin Assignment

Pin	Standard RS-232	AxN RS-232	Function
1	DCD	---	Data Carrier Detect
2	RXD	RXD	Received Data
3	TXD	TXD	Transmitted Data
4	DTR	DTR	Data Terminal Ready
5	GND	GND	Common Ground
6	DSR	DSR	Data Set Ready
7	RTS	RTS	Request To Send
8	CTS	CTS	Clear To Send
9	RI	---	Ring Indicator



Notes:

- RS-232 devices may be classified as Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) or Data Communication Equipment (DCE); this defines at each device which wires will be sending and receiving each signal. AxN Series Drive is a Data Communication Equipment (DCE), and a controller or a

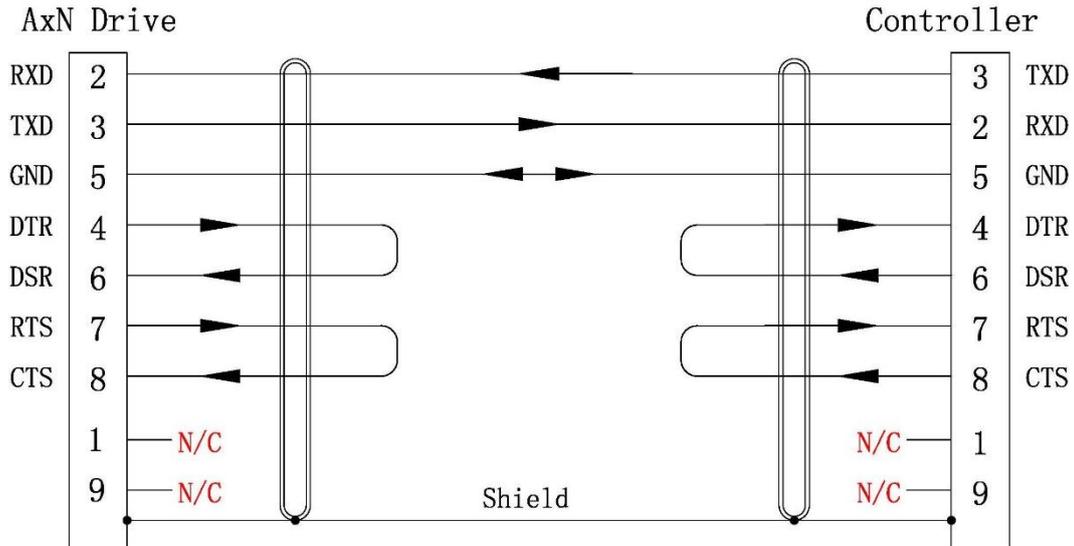
computer is a Data Terminal Equipment (DTE).

- The signal voltage is $\pm 12V$, and the max current of DTR (Pin4) is 100mA.

Minimal "3-wire" Connection

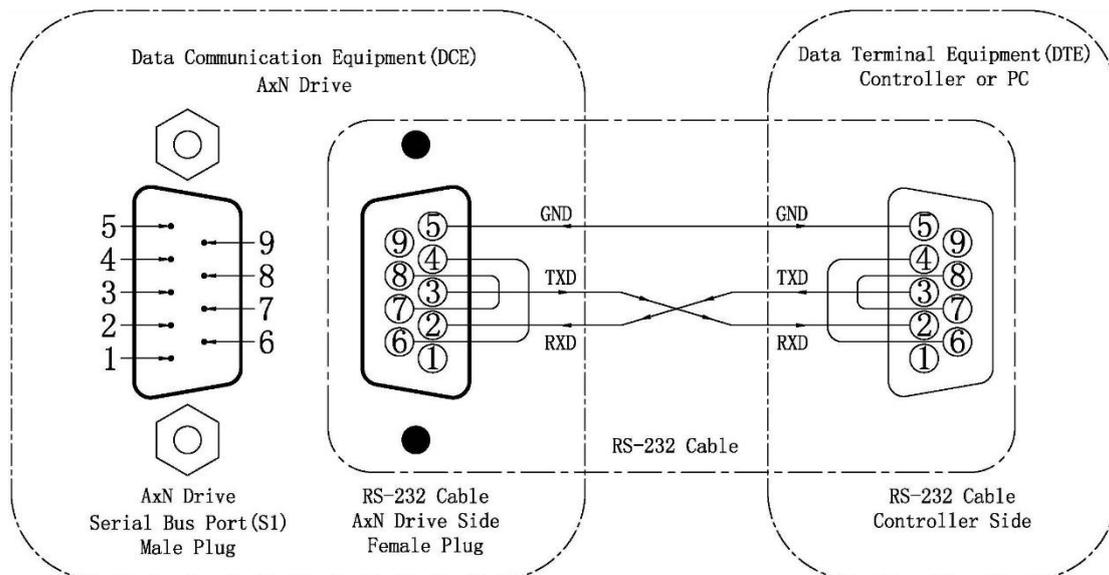
A minimal "3-wire" RS-232 connection consisting only of transmit data, receive data, and ground, is commonly used when the full facilities of RS-232 are not required. And it also the minimal connection requirement of Cockpit communication with AxN Series Drive.

Connection table



- N/C—No Connection;
- Connector back shell shielded 360° (Both ends);
- means that the shield or cable should connect to connectors.

Connection diagram

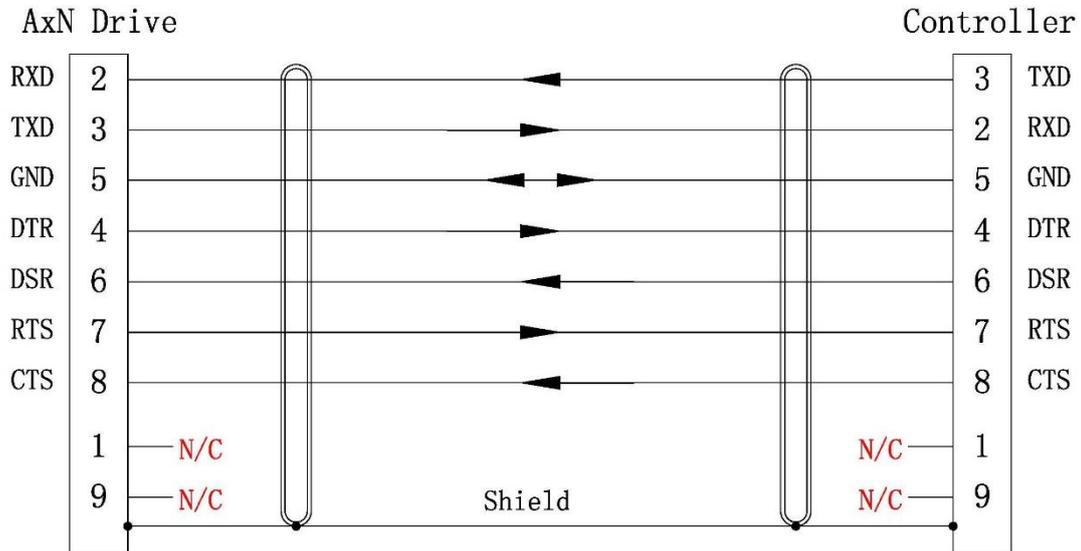


Maximal "7-wire" Connection

When the controller has a full facilities of RS-232, "7-wire" connection is the maximal connection which AxN series drive can support.

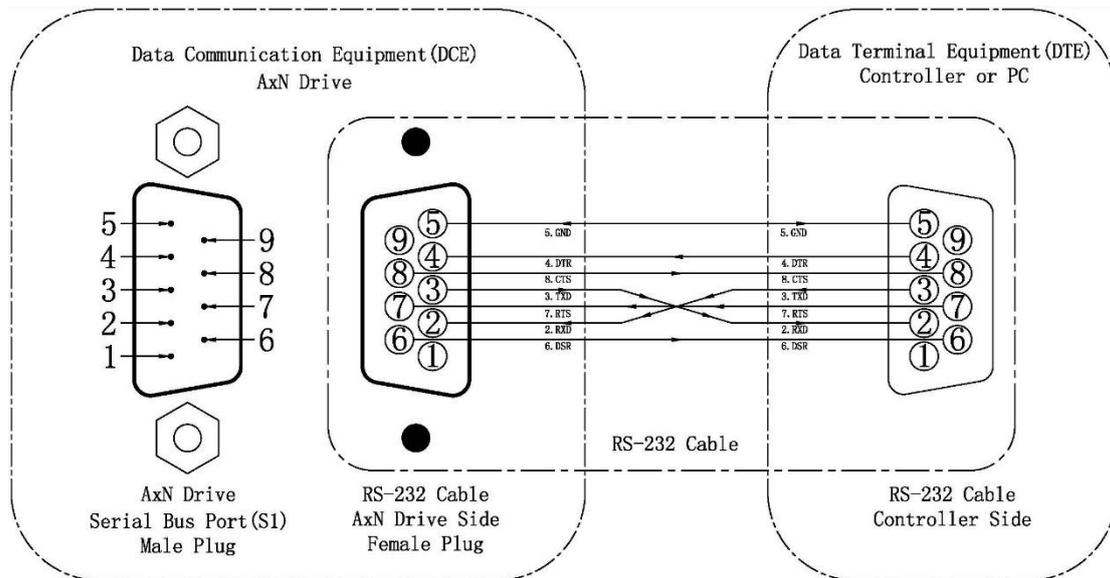
NOTE: Do **NOT** use "9-wire" connection, AxN series drive do not support DCD and RI function.

Connection table



- 1) N/C—No Connection;
- 2) Connector back shell shielded 360° (Both ends);
- 3) ● means that the shield or cable should connect to connectors.

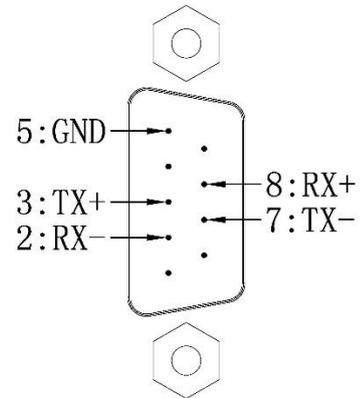
Connection diagram



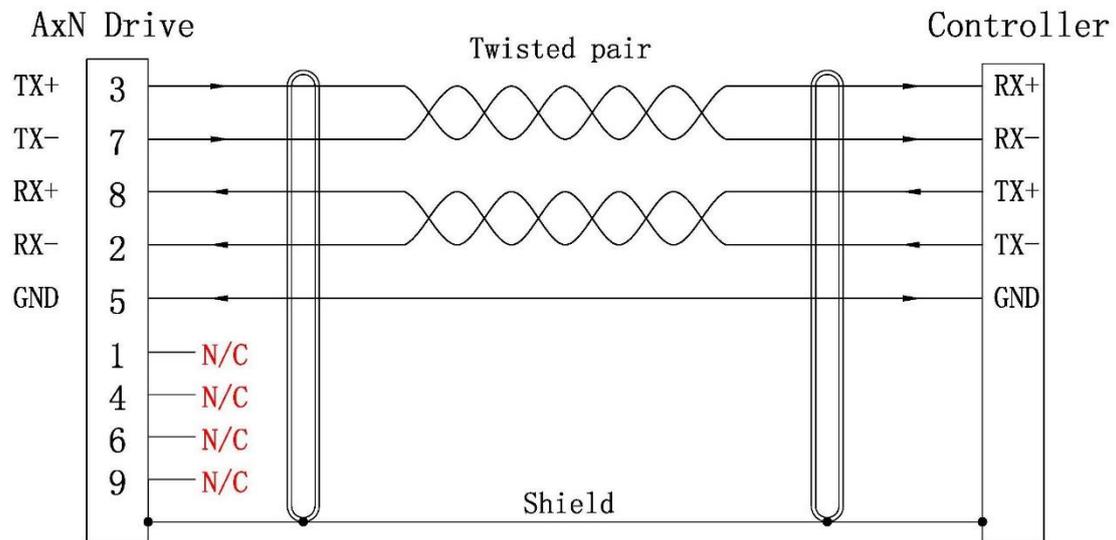
4.3.2 RS422/485

Pin Assignment

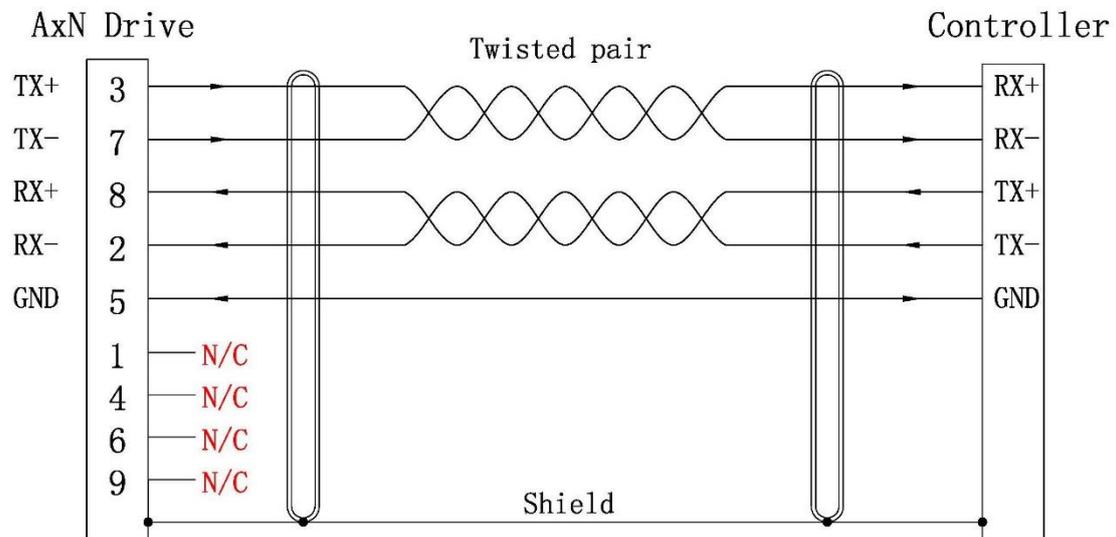
Pin	RS-422	RS-485	Function
1	---	---	---
2	RX-	RX-(LN-)	Receive Data -
3	TX+	TX+(LN+)	Transmit Data +
4	---	---	---
5	GND	GND	Ground connection
6	---	---	---
7	TX-	TX-(LN-)	Transmit Data -
8	RX+	RX+(LN+)	Receive Data +
9	---	---	---



RS-422 Connection Table



RS-485 Connection Table



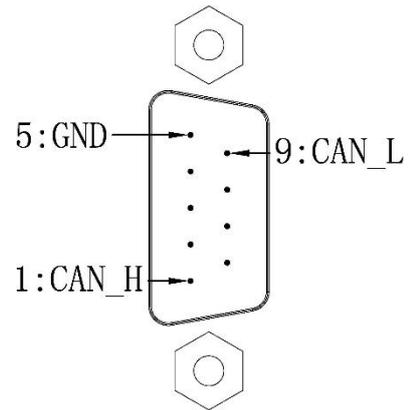
- 1) N/C——No Connection;
- 2) Connector back shell shielded 360° (Both ends);
- 3) ● means that the shield or cable should connect to connectors.

4.3.3 Auxiliary CAN

AxN Series Drive supports CANOpen protocol and has two independent CAN controller. The auxiliary CAN controller links to the S1 connector.

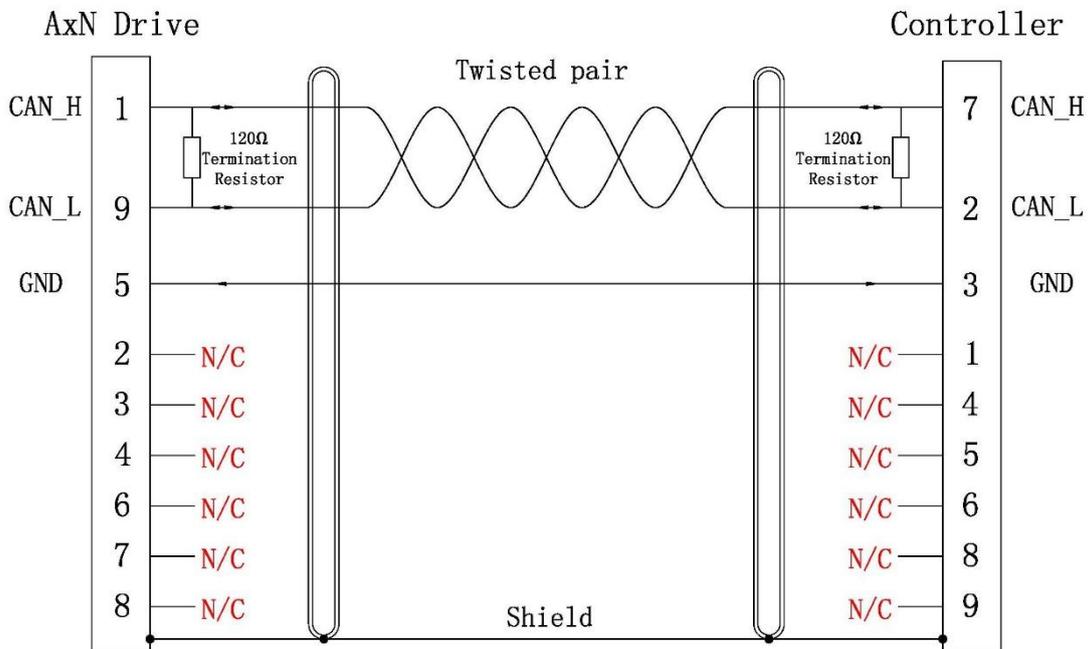
Pin Assignment

Pin	CANOpen	Function
1	CAN_H	CAN_H bus line (dominant high)
2	---	---
3	---	---
4	---	---
5	GND	Ground connection
6	---	---
7	---	---
8	---	---
9	CAN_L	CAN_L bus line (dominant low)



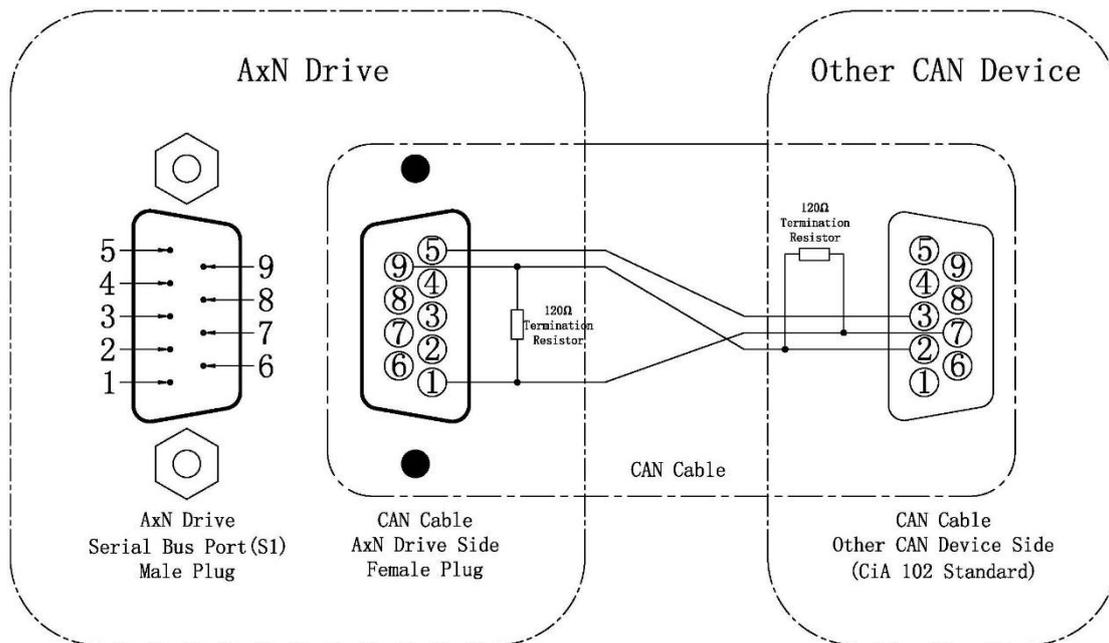
Note: CANOpen pin assignment on S1 connector does NOT meet CiA 102 Standard.

Connection Table



- 1) N/C——No Connection;
- 2) Connector back shell shielded 360° (Both ends);
- 3) ● means that the shield or cable should connect to connectors.

Connection diagram



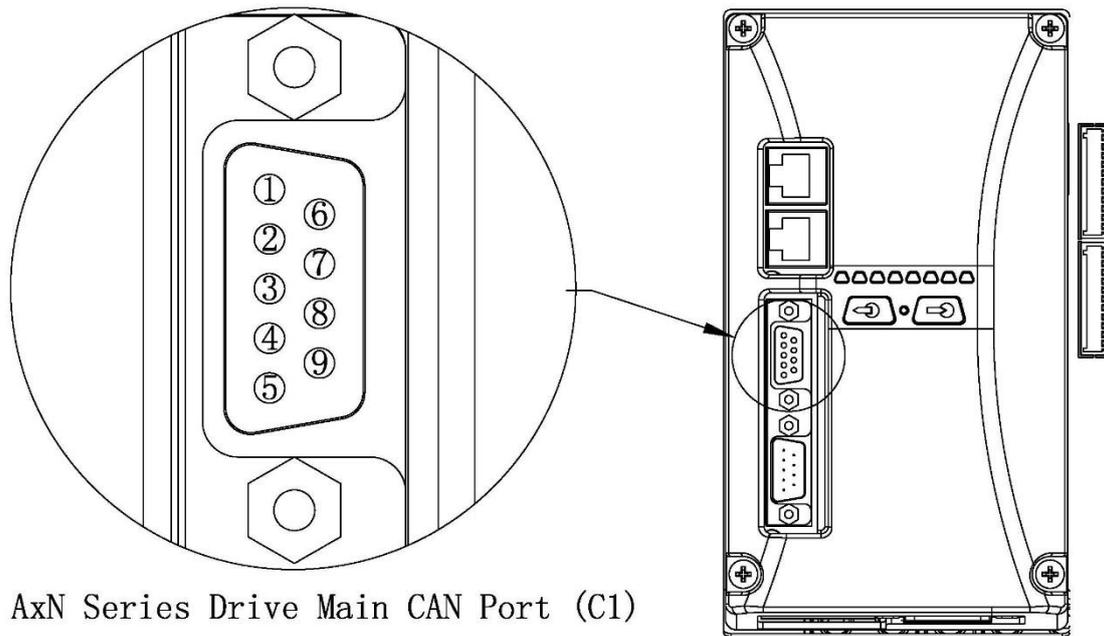
Note: Only the first and the last CAN node device should use a 120Ω terminal resistor.

4.4 C1 — Main CAN Port

AxN Series Drive's Main CAN Port (C1) connects to the main CAN controller inside the AxN drive. It is the default CAN network port of AxN drive. Moreover, C1 port can also be used as Auxiliary Encoder Port.

Location

AxN Series Drive's Main CAN Port (Female Plug, 9 Pin D-Sub) is on the middle side of drive's communication port panel. Refer to the following figures for exact location.



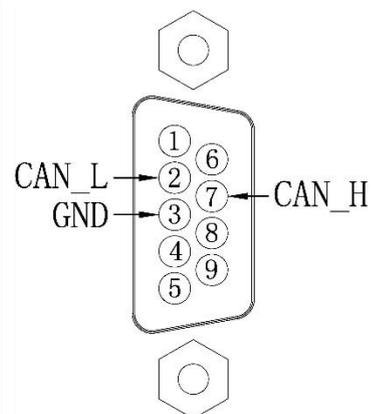
AxN Series Drive Main CAN Port (C1)

4.4.1 Main CAN

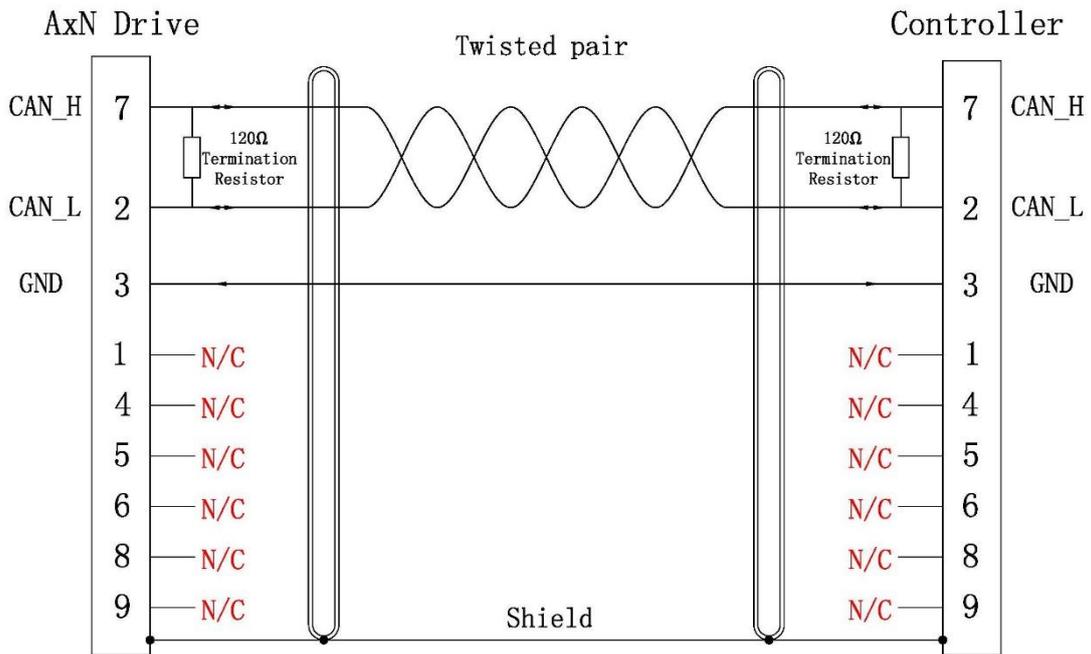
AxN Series Drive supports CANOpen protocol and has two independent CAN controller. The main CAN controller links to the C1 connector.

Pin Assignment

Pin	CANOpen	Function
1	---	---
2	CAN_L	CAN_L bus line (dominant low)
3	GND	Ground connection
4	---	---
5	---	---
6	---	---
7	CAN_H	CAN_H bus line (dominant high)
8	---	---
9	---	---

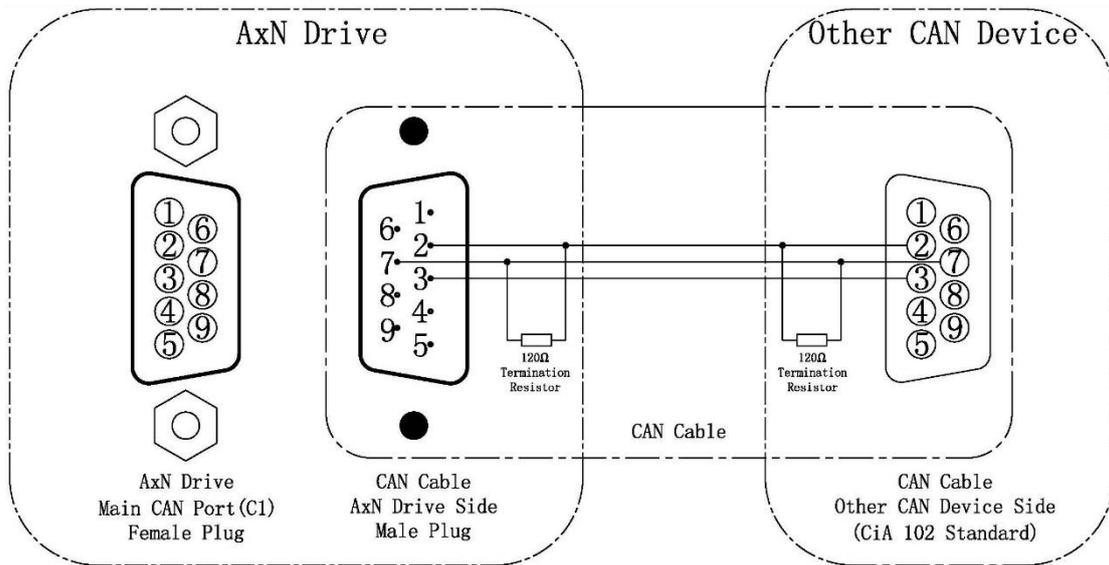


Connection Table



- 1) N/C — No Connection;
- 2) Connector back shell shielded 360° (Both ends);
- 3) ● means that the shield or cable should connect to connectors.

Connection diagram



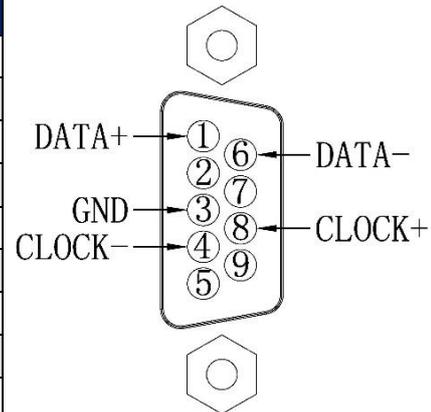
Note: Only the first and the last CAN node device should use a 120Ω terminal resistor.

4.4.2 Auxiliary Encoder

C1 port is also the Auxiliary Encoder Port. It supports Endat Encoder IN, Incremental Encoder IN and Simulated Incremental Encoder OUT. The output voltage of Simulated Incremental Encoder is 0 ~ 3.3V.

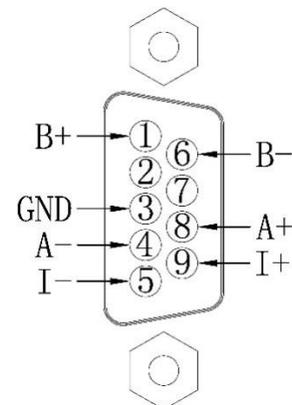
Endat Encoder (IN)

Pin	Name	Function
1	DATA+	Endat Data
2	---	---
3	GND	Ground connection
4	CLOCK-	Endat Clock
5	---	---
6	DATA-	Endat Data
7	---	---
8	CLOCK+	Endat Clock
9	---	---



Incremental Encoder (IN/OUT)

Pin	Name	Function
1	B+	Encoder incremental channel
2	---	---
3	GND	Ground connection
4	A-	Encoder incremental channel
5	I-	Encoder index
6	B-	Encoder incremental channel
7	---	---
8	A+	Encoder incremental channel
9	I+	Encoder index

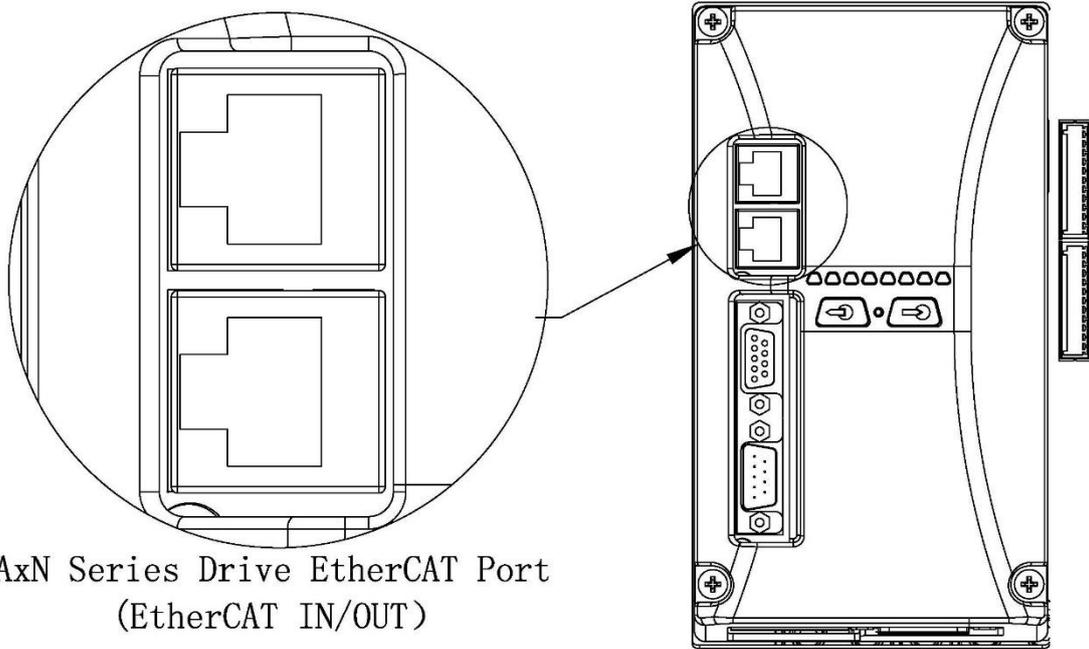


4.5 EtherCAT IN/OUT——EtherCAT Port

AxN Series Drive supports EtherCAT fieldbus protocol. And can be connected to a EtherCAT network through two connectors: EtherCAT IN and EtherCAT OUT.

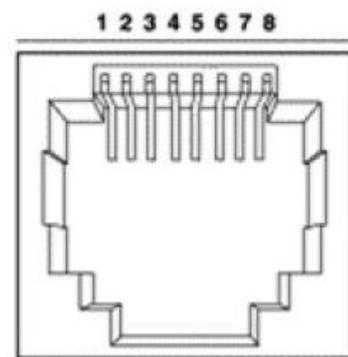
Port Location

AxN Series Drive's EtherCAT Port is on the upside of drive's communication port panel, formed by two RJ45 100Base-TX female plug. Refer to the following figure for exact location.



Pin Assignment

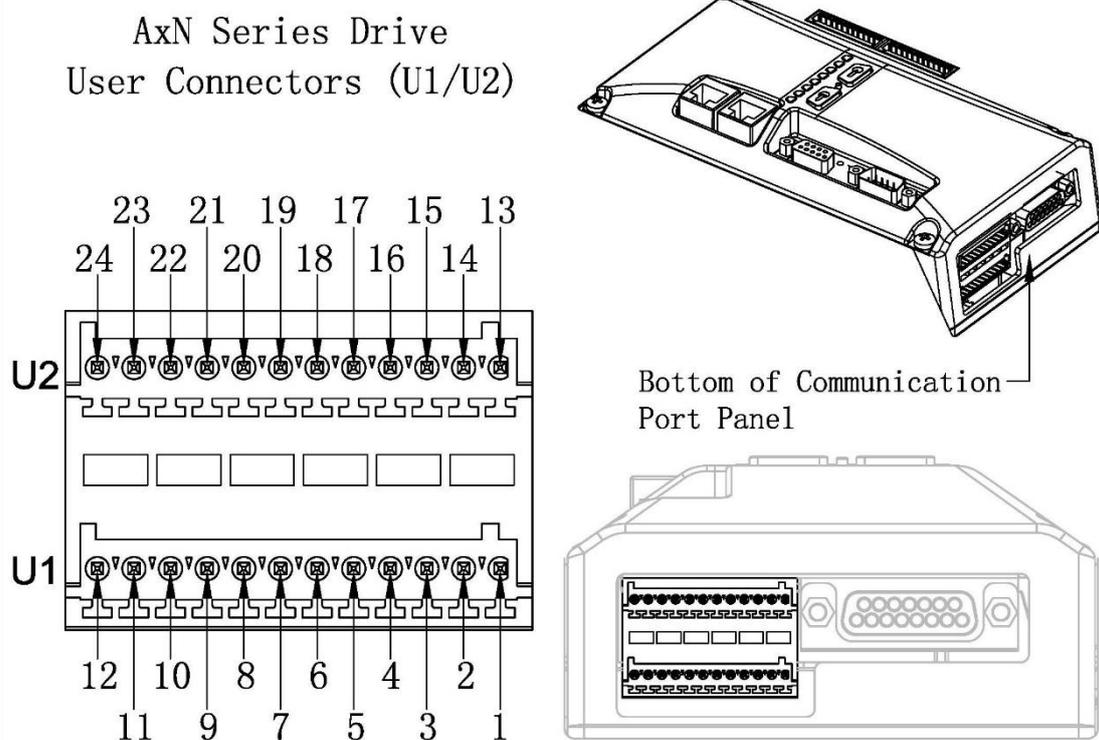
Pin	Name	Function
1	TX +	Transmit Data +
2	TX -	Transmit Data -
3	RX +	Receive Data +
4	---	---
5	---	---
6	RX -	Receive Data -
7	---	---
8	---	---



4.6 U1/U2 — User Connectors

Port Location

AxN Series Drive's User Connectors (Male Plug, 2×12 pin) are on the left bottom of the Communication Port Panel. Refer to the following figure for exact location.



Pin Assignment

User Connector U1

Pin	Name	Function	Signal Description
1	ROP	Differential analog input	+/-10V, Zin=10KΩ
2	RON	Differential analog input	+/-10V, Zin=10KΩ
3	AO0	Programmable analog output	+/-10V f.s., 30 mA
4	GND	Analog reference ground	Analog signals reference
5	DI0	Programmable digital input	6.6 kΩ to ground, 20-30 V
6	DI1	Programmable digital input	6.6 kΩ to ground, 20-30 V
7	DI2	Programmable digital input	6.6 kΩ to ground, 20-30 V
8	DI3	Programmable digital input	6.6 kΩ to ground, 20-30 V
9	DO0	Programmable digital output	PNP open collector, 24 V, 100mA max
10	DO1	Programmable digital output	PNP open collector, 24 V, 100mA max
11	24V	Auxiliary supply of control circuits	22 ~ 30Vdc to Pin 12 (0V), 500mA
12	0V	Auxiliary supply negative	Digital signal reference

User Connector U2

Pin	Name	Function	Signal Description
13	GND	Analog reference ground	Analog signals reference
14	R1P	Differential analog input	+/-10V, Z _{in} =10KΩ
15	R1N	Differential analog input	+/-10V, Z _{in} =10KΩ
16	AO1	Programmable analog output	+/-10V f.s., 30 mA
17	GND	Analog reference ground	Analog signals reference
18	DI4	Programmable digital input	6.6 kΩ to ground, 20-30 V
19	DI5	Programmable digital input	6.6 kΩ to ground, 20-30 V
20	DI6	Programmable digital input	6.6 kΩ to ground, 20-30 V
21	DI7	Programmable digital input	6.6 kΩ to ground, 20-30 V
22	DO2	Programmable digital output	PNP open collector, 24 V, 100mA max
23	DO3	Programmable digital output	PNP open collector, 24 V, 100mA max
24	0V	Auxiliary supply negative	Digital signal reference

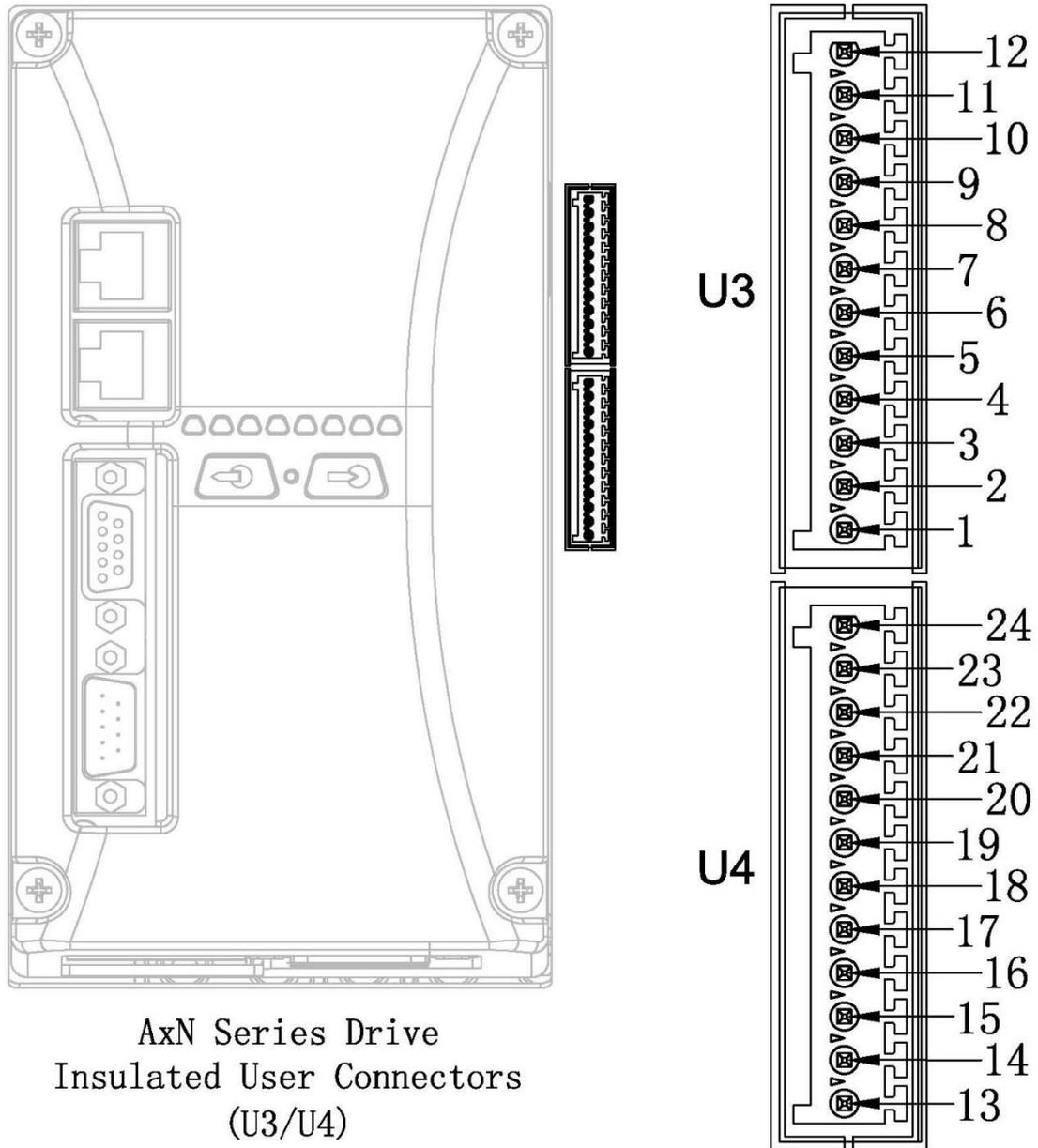
Notes:

1. Pin 4, 13 and 17 are the same analog reference ground;
2. Pin 1 and 2, 14 and 15 are two pairs of differential analog input. If not using differential signal, connect pin 1, 2, 4 and 15 separately to analog reference ground (pin 4, 13 and 17), you will have 4 channels of programmable analog input;
3. Pin 12 and 24 are the same digital signal reference.

4.7 U3/U4 — Insulated User Connectors

Port Location

AxN Series Drive's Insulated User Connectors (Male Plug, 2×12 pin) are on the right of the Communication Port Panel. Refer to the following figure for exact location.



Pin Assignment

Insulated User Connector U3

Pin	Name	Function	Signal Description
1	IS_AO0P	Programmable analog output	Insulated analog output channel No.0: ±10V f.s., 30 mA
2	IS_AO0G	Analog reference ground	Insulated analog output channel No.0: Insulated reference ground
3	IS_AO1P	Programmable analog output	Insulated analog output channel No.1: ±10V f.s., 30 mA
4	IS_AO1G	Analog reference ground	Insulated analog output channel No.1: Insulated reference ground
5	IS_AI0G	Analog reference ground	Insulated analog input channel No.0: Insulated reference ground
6	IS_AI0P	Programmable analog input	Insulated analog input channel No.0: ±10V
7	IS_AI1G	Analog reference ground	Insulated analog input channel No.1: Insulated reference ground
8	IS_AI1P	Programmable analog input	Insulated analog input channel No.1: ±10V
9	IS_AI2G	Analog reference ground	Insulated analog input channel No.2: Insulated reference ground
10	IS_AI2P	Programmable analog input	Insulated analog input channel No.2: ±10V
11	IS_DO0P	Programmable digital output	Insulated digital output channel No.0:
12	IS_DO0N	Programmable digital output	On/Off switch, 9V ~ 28Vdc/2A

Insulated User Connector U4

Pin	Name	Function	Signal Description
13	DI_COM	Digital reference ground	Insulated reference ground for digital input
14	IS_DO1P	Programmable digital output	Insulated digital output channel No.1: On/Off switch, 9V ~ 28Vdc/2A
15	IS_DO1N	Programmable digital output	
16	IS_DI0	Programmable digital input	5mA, 24Vdc max
17	IS_DI1	Programmable digital input	5mA, 24Vdc max
18	IS_DI2	Programmable digital input	5mA, 24Vdc max
19	IS_DI3	Programmable digital input	5mA, 24Vdc max
20	IS_DI4	Programmable digital input	5mA, 24Vdc max
21	IS_DI5	Programmable digital input	5mA, 24Vdc max
22	IS_DI6	Programmable digital input	5mA, 24Vdc max
23	IS_DI7	Programmable digital input	5mA, 24Vdc max
24	DI_COM	Digital reference ground	Insulated reference ground for digital input

Notes: Pin 13 and 24 are the same digital reference ground.